## STATISTICAL MECHANICS Ensemble Homework Problems

1) Consider an ensemble of just 3 systems $A, B$, and $C$ with three energy states, $E_{1}, E_{2}$, and $E_{3}$ available to each system.

|  | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{3}}$ | $\Omega(n)$ | $\mathbf{P}_{\text {dist }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dist 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{j}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Here $\Omega(n)=$ degeneracy of the $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ distribution, and $\mathrm{P}_{\text {dist }}$ its probability in the ensemble. The numbers you are to put into the boxes are the occupation numbers eg, 2,1,0 etc. assuming no restrictions on $\mathrm{E}_{\text {total }}$. Make sure you can write out all 27 possible ensemble states in terms of $A, B$ and $C$ corresponding to the 10 possible distributions. Then, calculate the total degeneracy, $\Omega_{T}(n)$, of each distribution and the total degeneracy of the entire ensemble thus verifying the formula:

$$
\sum_{\text {alldistributions }} \frac{N_{T}!}{\prod_{n_{i}=1}^{s} n_{i}!}=s^{N_{T}}
$$

where the only restriction is: $\sum_{\text {all distributions }} n_{i}=N_{T}$
and $s=$ number of energy states available to each system (3 systems and 3 energy states in this case). How would you rationalize the right hand side of this formula? Now compute the probability of each ensemble energy state $P_{1}, P_{2}$ and $P_{3}$ using:

$$
P_{j}=\frac{1}{N_{T}} \frac{\sum_{\{n\}} \Omega(n) n_{j}(n)}{\sum_{\{n\}} \Omega(n)}
$$

The next problem does assume a restriction on $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ as well as $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{T}}$.
2) A little more realistic problem uses the constraints on $N_{T}$ and $E_{T}$. So let $E_{1}=E_{2}=2$ and $E_{3}=E_{4}=3$ and $E_{5}=4$ where $E_{\text {total }}=12$ and $N_{T}=4$. Again, write out all possible occupation numbers for the ensemble distributions. Then calculate the degeneracy for each distribution as before. Finally, calculate the probabilities of all five system states. Using these results, compute the average energy of a system picked at random from the ensemble and confirm that it equals $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}} / \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{T}}$.

|  | $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{1}}=\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{2}=\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathrm{E}_{3}=\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{4}=\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{E}_{5}=\mathbf{4}$ | $\Omega(n)$ | $\mathbf{P}_{\text {dist }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dist 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dist 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Etc. ?? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{j}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Using the table compute:

$$
\bar{E}=\sum_{\text {states }} P_{i} E_{i}=
$$

$$
\bar{E}=E_{T} / N_{T}=
$$

Question: what would the total degeneracy, $\Omega_{\mathrm{T}}$, of the ensemble be if all of the $E_{i}$ 's were the same? $\qquad$
What would the average energy be in this case? $\qquad$

