

# Exploring Complexity

In Science and Technology

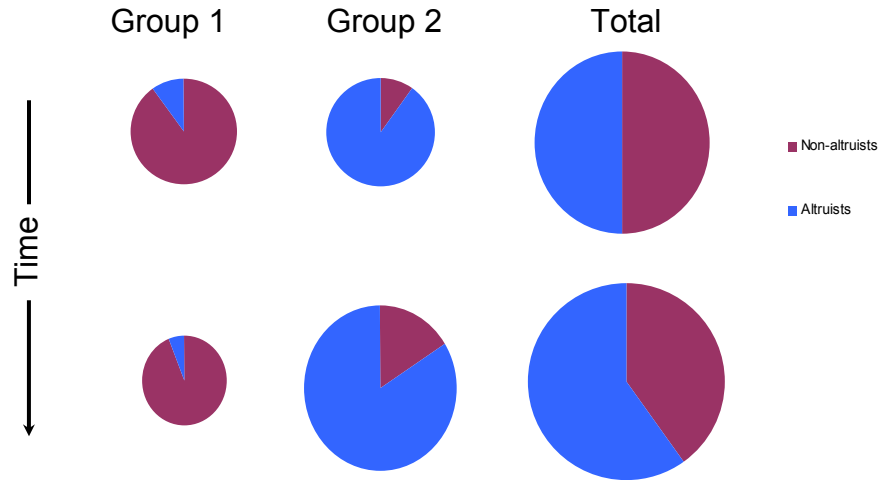
Oct. 20, 2010

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## Logistics

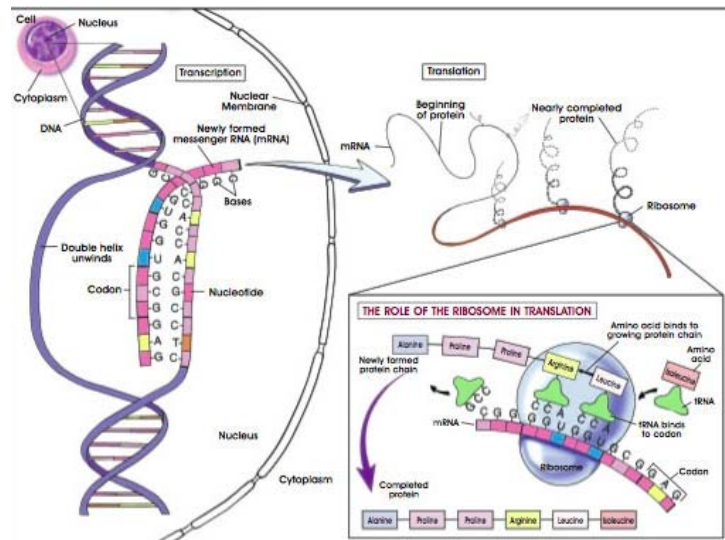
- Due today
  - HW3 due in class
  - Lab2 (Information) due on Blackboard
- Questions?
- If can't upload to Blackboard, please see OIT help desk (Smith basement) or me

## Simpson's Paradox & Multilevel Selection



- Fraction altruists ( $q$ ) decreases in each group, but increases overall

## Genetics Basics



## Complexity measures discussed in book

- Complexity as size
- Complexity as entropy
- Complexity as algorithmic information content
- Complexity as logical depth
- Complexity as thermodynamic depth
- Statistical complexity
- Complexity as fractal dimension
- Complexity as hierarchy

## Algorithmic Information Content (also called “Kolmogorov Complexity”)

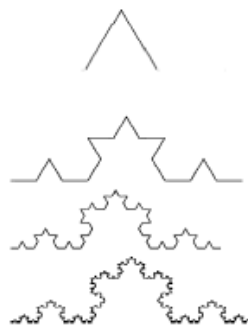
- Let  $K(s)$  denote the algorithmic information content of string  $s$ .
- It can be proved that  $K(s)$  is incomputable
  - that is, there is no Turing machine that can compute  $K(s)$  for any  $s$ .
- Related paradox (due to Barry):
  - "Let  $n$  be the smallest positive integer that cannot be defined in fewer than twenty English words."

## Fractals and Fractal Dimension

- <http://webecoist.com/2008/09/07/17-amazing-examples-offractals-in-nature/>
- Measuring the Coastline of Great Britain



## Koch curve



- How long is it?
- What is its dimension?

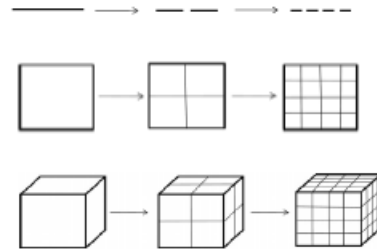
## Definition of dimension

- Generalized definition of dimension:
- Let  $M$  be the magnification factor of side to get from level  $n+1$  to level  $n$ .
- Let  $N$  be the number of copies at level  $n+1$  of each object in level  $n$ .
- Then

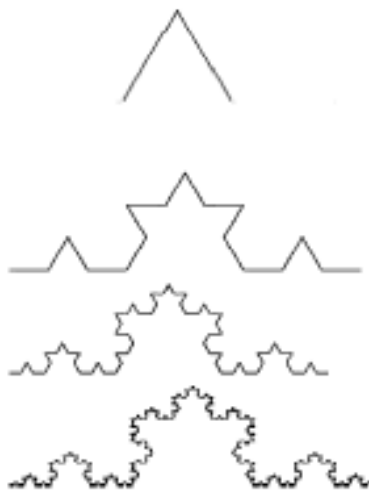
$$M^{\text{Dimension}} = N$$

or

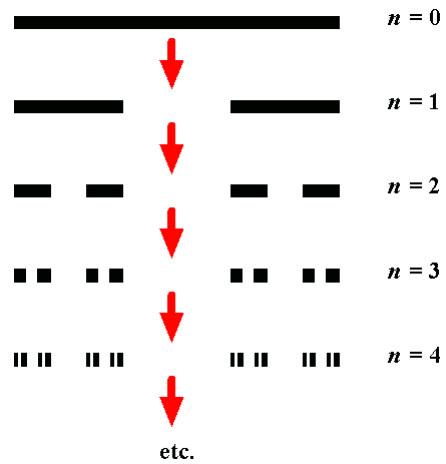
$$\text{Dimension} = \log N / \log M$$



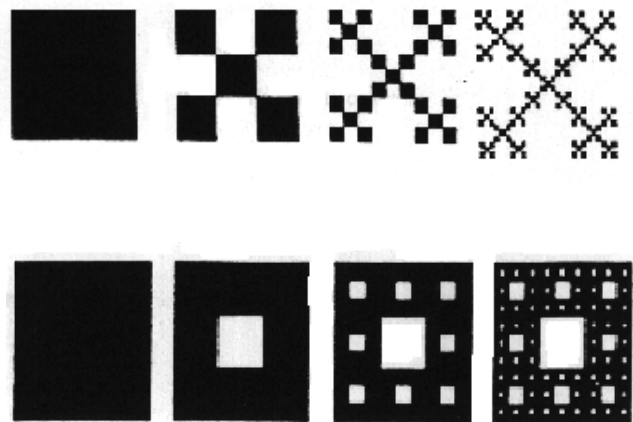
## Fractal dimension of Koch curve



## Fractal dimension of Cantor set



## Fractal dimension of box fractals

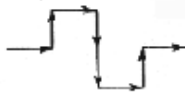


## Another example

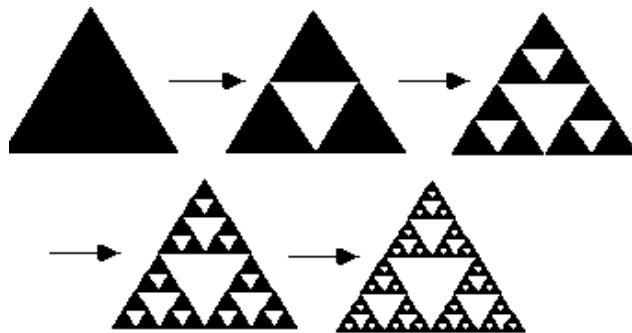
Initiator



Generator



## Fractal dimension of Sierpinski triangle



- An Exercise!
- Algorithm for building up

## Approximate dimension of coastlines (Shelberg, Moellering, and Lam)

<u>Curve</u>	<u>Slope (<math>\beta</math>)</u>	<u>D (1-<math>\beta</math>)</u>	<u>New D</u>
West Coast of Great Britain	-.25	1.25	1.2671
Coast of Australia	-.13	1.13	1.1490
Coast of South Africa	-.02	1.02	1.0356
Land-frontier between Spain and Portugal	-.14	1.14	1.1014

- See Google Maps

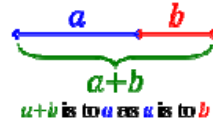
## Approximate dimension of Cauliflower

- Each branch
  - contains ~13 subbranches,
  - each three times smaller



# Fractals and the Golden Ratio

- **Golden ratio**



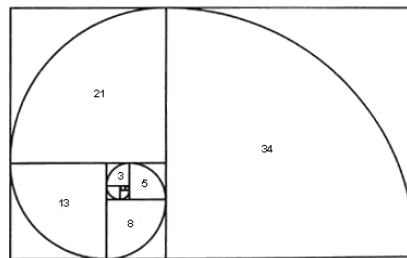
$$\frac{a+b}{a} = \frac{a}{b} = \varphi.$$

$$\varphi = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \approx 1.6180339887 \dots$$

- **Fibonacci sequence**

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233,  
377, 610, 987...

## Fibonacci spiral



## Other Fractals



## L systems (Aristid Lindenmayer)

- Grammars for generating fractals (and other shapes)
- Need “axiom” and “grammar rules”
- Alphabet for rules: {F,f,+, -}
  - Turn counterclockwise by a specified angle  $q$
  - + Turn clockwise by a specified angle  $q$
  - F Move forward one step while drawing a line
  - f Move forward one step without drawing a line

## Example 1: Cantor middle thirds set

- **axiom:**
  - $S = F$
- **rules:**
  - $F \rightarrow FfF$
  - $f \rightarrow fff$

$F$              $FfF$                      $FfFffffFfF$   
 —            — — —                    — — — — —

## Example 2: Koch curve

- **axiom:**
  - $S = F$
- **rules:**
  - $F \rightarrow F - F++F - F$
  - $+ \rightarrow +$
  - $- \rightarrow -$
- $q = 60$  degrees

