

Comparison of Watershed Delineation Methods for the Los Angeles River

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4/593 DIGITAL TERRAIN ANALYSIS

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L.A. River

- Until 1913, L.A. River was the source of public drinking water.
- Seasonal flooding led to deaths and property damage
- 1938-1959: US Army Corp of Engineers channelized river.

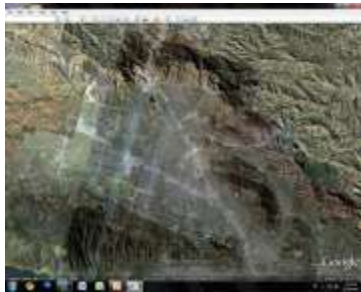




Highly urbanized Area.



The beginning of channelized River



Area of interest



Mouth of the river

Watershed Delineation



Automated Watershed Delineation Methods

- Un-enhanced method
- Stream burning
- Natural Excavation
- AGREE (surface reconditioning)

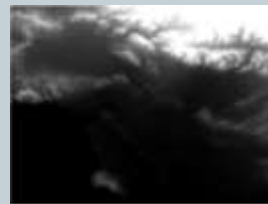
Watershed Delineation

Un-enhanced method: using DEM to create watershed boundary.

Data: DEM and a vector stream file

Tools:

- Flow Direction
- Sinks
- Fill
- Flow Accumulation
- Watershed



Watershed Delineation

Stream Burning: “burn” stream at a uniform depth into the DEM.

Data: DEM and rasterized stream network

Tools:

- Same as un-enhanced +
- Conditional statement to create burned raster
- Stream links (segmentation)
- Snap pour points (cells with highest accumulation)



Our Data

- USGS 30x30 Meter DEM
- USGS Stream Network Vector Data
- Manually Digitized Polyline features from Google Earth (Kml to Shapefile)

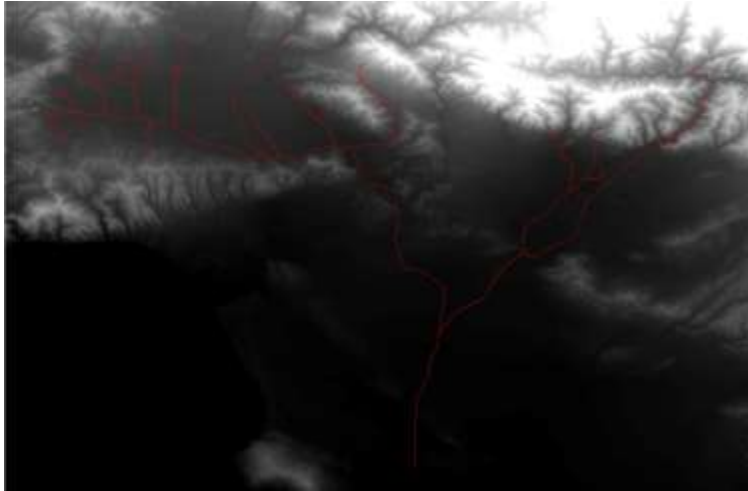


Our Data

Challenge of identifying and digitizing a channelized river network in a dense urban setting.

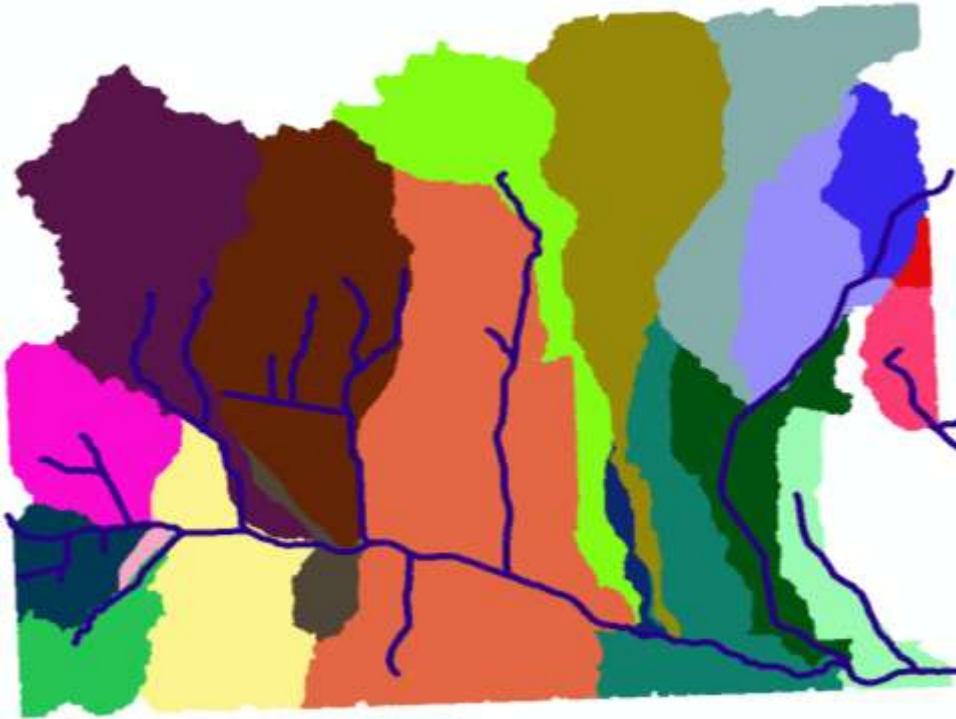


Our Data



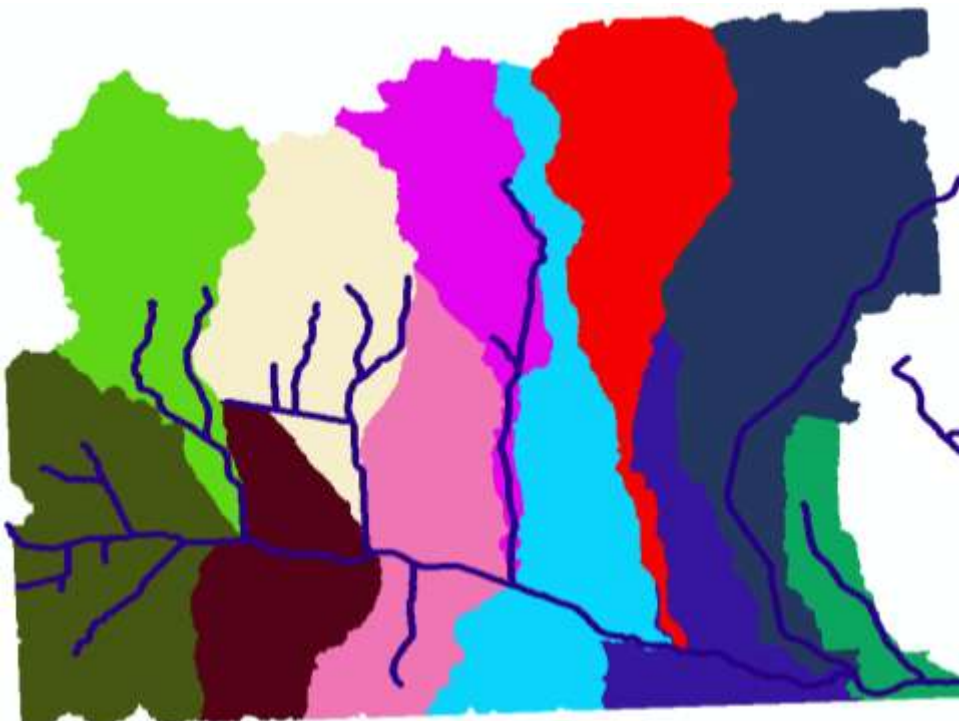
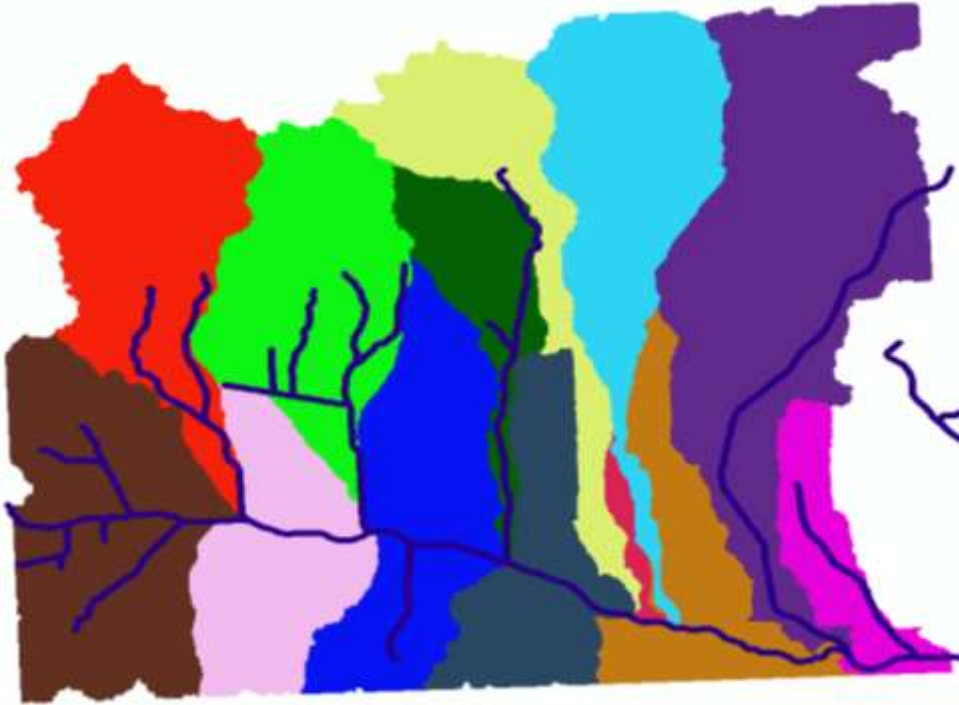
Methods

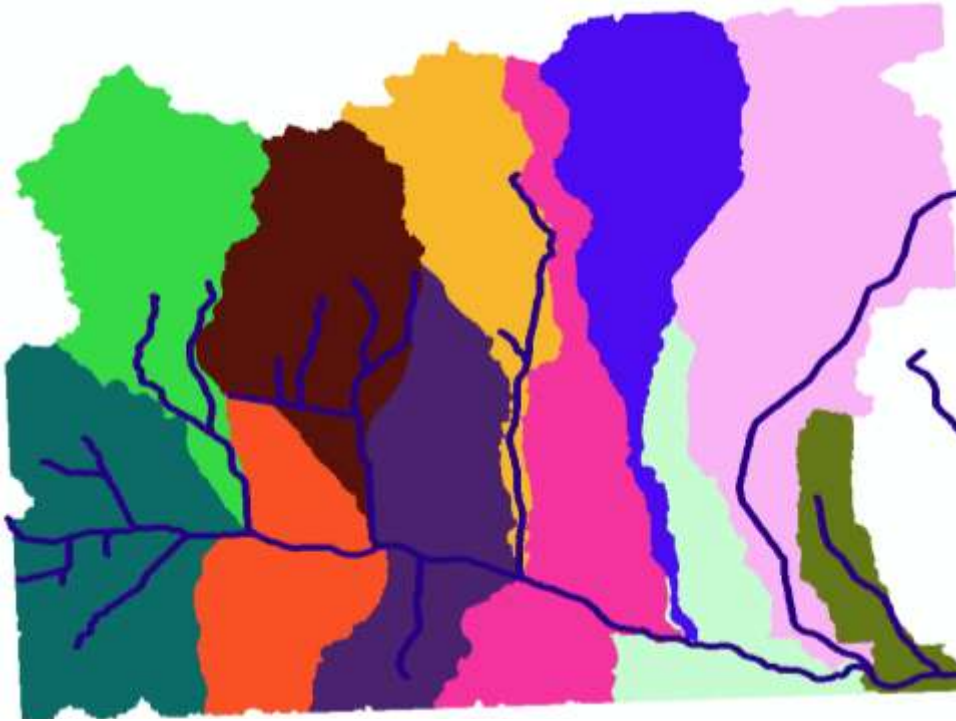
- **Preprocessing**
- **Unenhanced Watershed Delineation**
 - Flow Direction
 - Sink
 - Fill
 - Flow Direction
 - Flow Accumulation
 - Stream Link
 - Watershed



Methods Cont'd

- **Enhanced Stream Burning Watershed Delineation**
 - Rasterize stream layer
 - Isnull function: `con(isnull([river_raster]), 0, 1)`
 - Stream Burn: `con([Calculation2] == 1, [mosaic_clip] - X, [mosaic_clip])`
 - ✕ 2
 - ✕ 10
 - ✕ 20





Discussion

- All methods were fairly accurate
- Stream burning slightly more accurate
- Future research should include:
 - Other enhanced methods (normalized excavation, AGREE)
 - Other highly urbanized areas with channelized and non-channelized rivers