## HW 7

As always, your answer will be graded on the quality of presentation as well as the correct answer. To get a good score: write your answer neatly, use complete sentences, and *justify your work*.

## Computations

- 1. Let  $G = \mathbb{Z}_{20}$  and  $H = \langle 15 \rangle$ . Write down all elements of all (right) cosets of H in G.
- 2. Let  $G = D_4$  and  $H = \langle R \rangle$ . Write down all elements of all (right) cosets of H in G.
- 3. For any group G and element  $g \in G$ , define the homomorphism

$$e_{G,g}: \mathbb{Z} \to G$$
$$n \mapsto g^n.$$

(No need to prove that  $e_{G,g}$  is a homomorphism.) Let's write  $e_{G,g}(\mathbb{Z}) = \{e_{G,g}(n) \mid n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ . Enumerate elements of  $e_{G,g}(\mathbb{Z})$  and find ker  $(e_{G,g})$  in the following situations:

- (a)  $G = D_4, g = R$ ,
- (b)  $G = \mathbb{Z}_{20}, g = 15,$
- (c)  $G = D_4, g = F$ .
- (d)  $G = S_9, g = id_{\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\}}.$

## Proofs

(I) Let G be a group, let H be a subgroup of G, and let  $a, b \in G$ . Prove

Ha = Hb if and only if  $ab^{-1} \in H$ .

(II) Suppose n is a positive odd integer, that G is a group of order 2n, and that  $a, b \in G$  have orders 2, n, respectively. Prove that

$$G = \{a^{i}b^{j} \mid i \in \{0, 1\} \text{ and } j \in \{0, \dots, n-1\}\}$$

- (III) Suppose that G, H are groups and  $\psi: G \to H$  is a homomorphism.
  - (a) Let's write  $\psi(G) = \{\psi(g) \mid g \in G\}$ . Prove that  $\psi(G)$  is a subgroup of H.
  - (b) For J a subgroup of H, let's write  $\psi^{-1}(J) = \{g \in G \mid \psi(g) \in J\}$ . Prove that  $\psi^{-1}(J)$  is a subgroup of G.