

Name: _____

- Put your name in the “_____” above.
- Answer Question 1.
- Proofs are graded for correctness, clarity, rigor, neatness.
- Good luck!

1. Let

- L be the line with direction vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ that contains the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and
- M be the line with direction vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ that contains the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$.

Do L and M intersect? If so, at which vector do they intersect?

Solution. We must determine if there are $s, t \in \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Rearranging, we ask s, t to satisfy

$$s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Thus, we row reduce:

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 \\ 3 & 1 & 9 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & 9 \\ 0 & 4 & 12 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

and we find the solution $(2, 3)$. Thus, we plug in 2 for s to see that the lines intersect at the vector

$$2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

To check our work, we could plug in 3 for t to find the same vector:

$$3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

□