

Randomization restriction example

Stat 566
4-22-25

Oxide growth on silicon wafers

(1)

A: temperature 2 levels

B: gas 2 levels

All fixed,

C: time 2 levels

All crossed

D: wafer position in furnace 2 levels

2 replications (32 total runs)

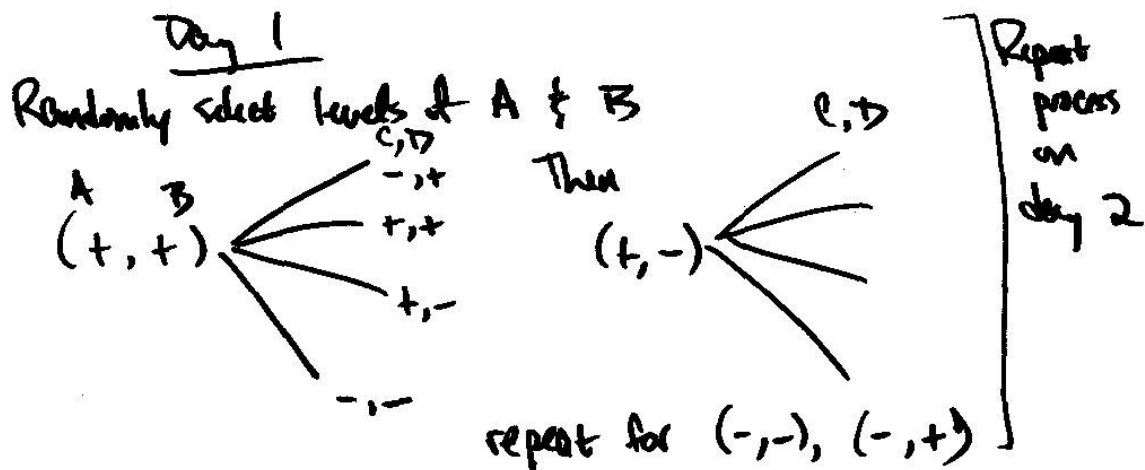
But...

(2)

Restrictions:

They can only do 16 runs per day,

So they will run 1 entire replication of the experiment on each day



Model:

$$Y_{ijklmn} = \mu + \tau_i + \beta_j + \gamma_k + \delta_l + \lambda_m + \epsilon_{(ijklm)n}$$

T A B C D
 day temp sec time position
 ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑

10 2-way interactions +
 10 3-way interactions +
 5 4-way interactions +
 1 5-way interaction + $\epsilon_{(ijklm)n}$

When working out the EMS terms,
 we can omit T and any interactions
 involving T, because their F-test denominators
 will be MSE and $df_E = 0$

	R	F	F	F	F	R	EMS
	i	j	k	l	m	n	
τ_i	1	2	2	2	2	1	$16\sigma_\tau^2 + \sigma^2$
β_j	2	0	2	2	2	1	
γ_k	2	2	0	2	2	1	
δ_l	2	2	2	0	2	1	
λ_m	2	2	2	2	0	1	
$\beta\gamma_{jk}$	2	0	0	2	2	1	
$\beta\delta_{jl}$	2	0	2	0	2	1	
$\beta\lambda_{jm}$	2	0	2	2	0	1	
$\gamma\delta_{kl}$	2	2	0	0	2	1	
$\gamma\lambda_{km}$	2	2	0	2	0	1	
$\delta\lambda_{lm}$	2	2	2	0	0	1	
$\epsilon_{(ijklm)n}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	as usual

Source	df
Blocks	1
A	1
B	1
TA	1
TB	1
AB	1
} whole plot 6 df	
C	1
D	1
CD	1
+ all others	1
} subplot 24 df	
error	0
	31

(5)

Analysis of Covariance (ANOCOVA)

(6)

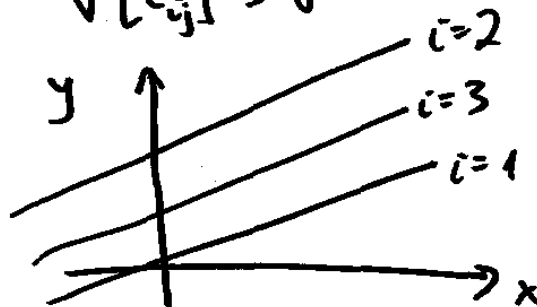
$$y_{ij} = \mu + \tau_i + \beta(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..}) + \varepsilon_{ij} \quad \begin{matrix} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, n \end{matrix}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \tau_i = 0$$

$$E[\varepsilon_{ij}] = 0$$

$$V[\varepsilon_{ij}] = \sigma^2$$

$$\varepsilon_{ij} \text{ i.i.d. } \forall i, j$$



(7)

Notation:

$$S_{yy} = \sum_i \sum_j (y_{ij} - \bar{y}_{..})^2 = \sum_i \sum_j y_{ij}^2 - n \bar{y}_{..}^2$$

$$S_{xx} = \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})^2 = \dots$$

$$S_{xy} = \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})(y_{ij} - \bar{y}_{..}) = \dots$$

$$T_{yy} = n \sum_i (\bar{y}_{i.} - \bar{y}_{..})^2$$

$$T_{xx} = n \sum_i (\bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{..})^2$$

$$T_{xy} = n \sum_i (\bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{..})(\bar{y}_{i.} - \bar{y}_{..})$$

(8)

$$E_{yy} = \sum_i \sum_j (y_{ij} - \bar{y}_{i.})^2$$

$$E_{xx} = \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{i.})^2$$

$$E_{xy} = \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{i.})(y_{ij} - \bar{y}_{i.})$$

Goal: Estimate all of the parameters
and test $H_0: \tau_i \equiv 0$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j [y_{ij} - \mu - \tau_i - \beta(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})]^2 \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial \mu} = \sum_i \sum_j 2[y_{ij} - \mu - \tau_i - \beta(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})](-1) \stackrel{\text{set}}{=} 0$$

$$y_{..} - an\mu - 0 - \beta(x_{..} - an\bar{x}_{..}) = 0$$

$$\hat{\mu} = \frac{y_{..}}{an} = \bar{y}_{..}$$

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial \tau_i} = \sum_j 2[y_{ij} - \mu - \tau_i - \beta(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})](-1) \stackrel{\text{set}}{=} 0$$

$$y_{i.} - n\mu - n(\tau_i) - \beta(x_{i.} - n\bar{x}_{..}) = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$\hat{\tau}_i = \bar{y}_{i.} - \bar{y}_{..} - \hat{\beta}(\bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{..})$$

$$\frac{\partial SSE}{\partial \beta} = \sum_i \sum_j 2[y_{ij} - \mu - \tau_i - \beta(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})](-1)(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..}) \stackrel{\text{set}}{=} 0$$

$$\sum_i \sum_j (y_{ij} - \bar{y}_{..})(x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..}) - \sum_i \sum_j \hat{\tau}_i (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})$$

$$- \hat{\beta} \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..})^2 = 0$$

$$S_{xy} - \sum_i \sum_j \hat{\tau}_i (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{..}) - \hat{\beta} S_{xx} = 0 \quad (11)$$

to be continued