## Stat 451 Homework #8

6.24 
$$\mu = np = (400)(1/2) = 200, \ \sigma = \sqrt{npq} = \sqrt{(400)(1/2)(1/2)} = 10.$$

- (a)  $z_1 = (184.5 200)/10 = -1.55$  and  $z_2 = (210.5 200)/10 = 1.05$ . P(184.5 < X < 210.5) = P(-1.55 < Z < 1.05) = 0.8531 - 0.0606 = 0.7925.
- (b)  $z_1 = (204.5 200)/10 = 0.45$  and  $z_2 = (205.5 200)/10 = 0.55$ . P(204.5 < X < 205.5) = P(0.45 < Z < 0.55) = 0.7088 - 0.6736 = 0.0352.
- (c)  $z_1 = (175.5 200)/10 = -2.45$  and  $z_2 = (227.5 200)/10 = 2.75$ . P(X < 175.5) + P(X > 227.5) = P(Z < -2.45) + P(Z > 2.75)= P(Z < -2.45) + 1 - P(Z < 2.75) = 0.0071 + 1 - 0.9970 = 0.0101.
- 6.42 (a)  $P(X < 1) = 4 \int_0^1 x e^{-2x} dx = [-2xe^{-2x} e^{-2x}]_0^1 = 1 3e^{-2} = 0.5940.$ 
  - (b)  $P(X > 2) = 4 \int_0^\infty x e^{-2x} dx = [-2xe^{-2x} e^{-2x}]_2^\infty = 5e^{-4} = 0.0916.$
- 6.46  $P(X < 1) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{-x/2} dx = -e^{-x/2} \Big|_0^1 = 1 e^{-1/2} = 0.3935$ . Let Y be the number of switches that fail during the first year. Using the normal approximation we find  $\mu = (100)(0.3935) = 39.35$ ,  $\sigma = \sqrt{(100)(0.3935)(0.6065)} = 4.885$ , and z = (30.5 39.35)/4.885 = -1.81. Therefore,  $P(Y \le 30) = P(Z < -1.81) = 0.0352$ .
- 6.52  $\alpha\beta = 10$ ;  $\sigma = \sqrt{\alpha\beta^2}\sqrt{50} = 7.07$ .
  - (a) Using integration by parts,

$$P(X \le 50) = \frac{1}{\beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} \int_0^{50} x^{\alpha - 1} e^{-x/\beta} \ dx = \frac{1}{25} \int_0^{50} x e^{-x/5} \ dx = 0.9995.$$

(b)  $P(X<10)=\frac{1}{\beta^{\alpha}\Gamma(\alpha)}\int_0^{10}x^{\alpha-1}e^{-x/\beta}\ dx$ . Using the incomplete gamma with  $y=x/\beta$ , we have

$$P(X < 10) = P(Y < 2) = \int_{0}^{2} ye^{-y} dy = 0.5940.$$