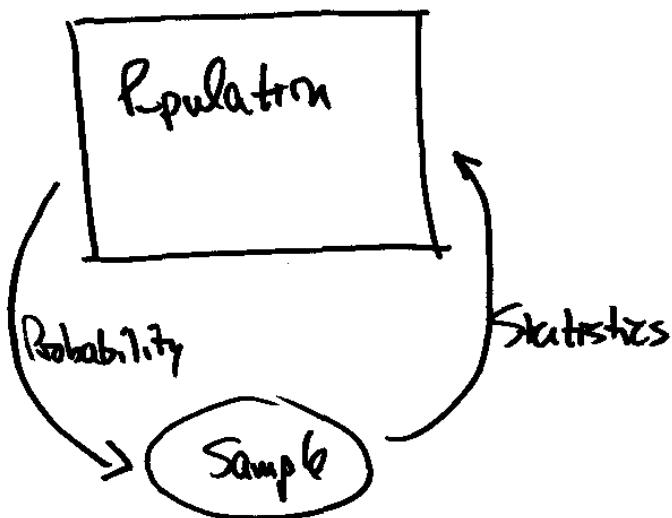
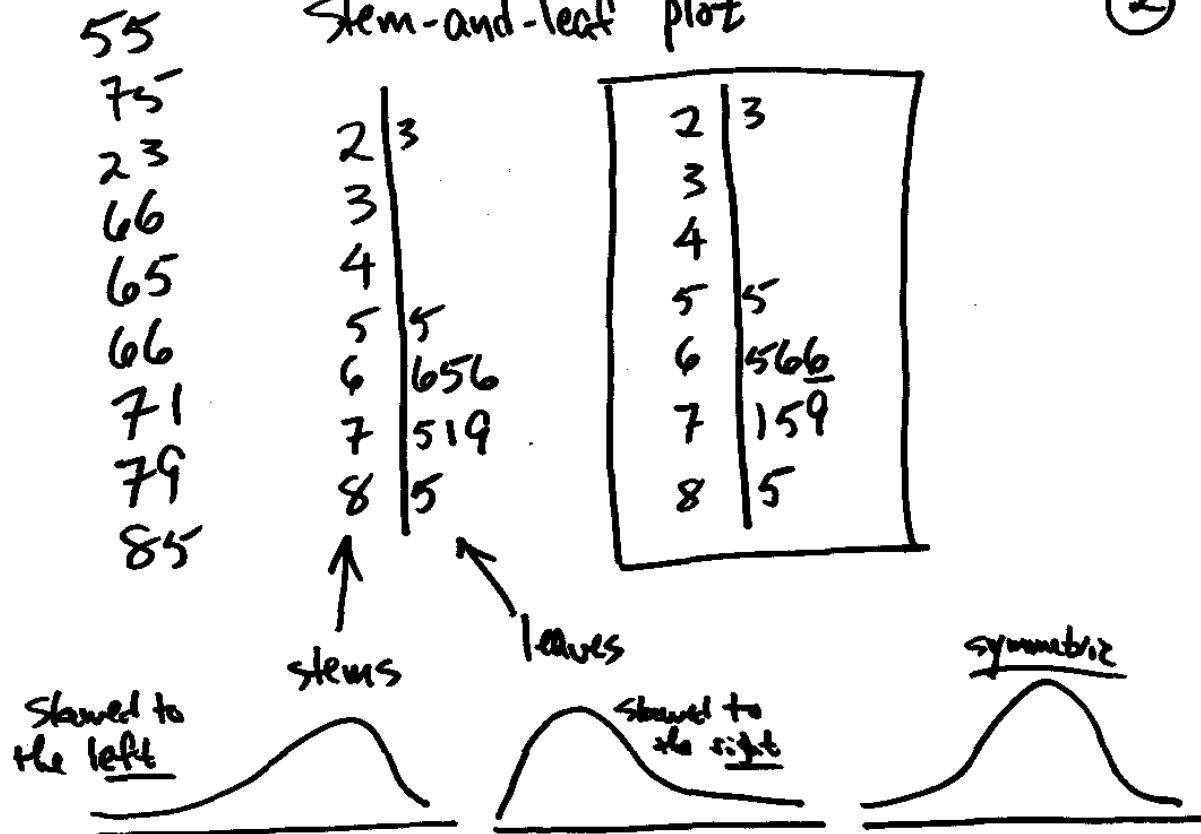


Stat 451
1-9-18
①



Descriptive statistics: observe the sample & summarize

②



(3)

Numerical summaries:

Minimum = smallest value = 23

Maximum = largest value = 85

Simple median = $\tilde{x} = \begin{cases} \text{middle value if } n \text{ is odd} \\ \text{average of 2 middle values} \\ \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$

Locate \tilde{x} by computing $\frac{n+1}{2}$

In our example,
 $n=9 \Rightarrow \frac{n+1}{2}=5$

Simple mean = $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n}$

$$\tilde{x} = 66$$

$$\bar{x} = 65$$

(4)

Simple mode = most frequently occurring value

(there can be no modes, a single mode, or multiple modes)

Quartiles : medians of the upper + lower halves
of the data

$Q_1 = 1^{\text{st}}$ quartile = 25th percentile

$Q_3 = 3^{\text{rd}}$ quartile = 75th percentile

$Q_2 = 2^{\text{nd}}$ quartile = 50th percentile = median

Measures of variability (dispersion, spread)

(5)

$$\text{Sample range} = \text{maximum value minus minimum value}$$
$$= 85 - 23 = 62$$

$$\text{Interquartile range} = Q_3 - Q_1 = \text{IQR}$$

$$\text{Sample standard deviation} = s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$\text{Sample variance} = s^2$$