Presenter	Scorer	Date	Total Score	Grade

## Scoring Guide for WT K17 (dialog lines; entire dialog; surprise party message)

Rule of thumb for 4/complete: Creates many sentences that are not seriously distorted. Uses new vocabulary occasionally.

	Dialog	Recreate dialog	Birthday surprise (60%)
	Sentences (20%)	(20%)	Note: Description of 6 continues in cell for 5
6	Most of the created sentences are perfect German and of the same level as the originals. Insignificant errors in spelling.	see at left; in addition (applies to this task only), the content closely resembles that of the original (seen too many building or similar AND suggestion to get some exercise)	greets; states the birthday; states desire for help; sets the scene; outlines the Grand Moment; thanks; ADDS something special (birthday person has been lonely, particularly likes X, etc.);
level as the Insignifican			Writes sentences that typically have more than 3 syntactic elements (My brother likes to go to the Konditorei in the afternoon vs. My brother likes ice cream). Makes some multi-clause sentences (Can you call her up and say you want to go to a concert?) – but overlook small errors if the multi-clause sentence is ambitious (and say to her that you).
			The Grand Moment gets more than one piece of information (You'll sing together and then give him my present).
			The surprise plot involves careful detail, either of sequencing events or of locating spatially (ex: Reserve a table near the front. The friends will have seats at the back and Naomi won't see them.)
5	Nearer 6 than 4	see at left; in addition (applies to this task only), the content closely resembles that of the original (seen too many buildings or similar, OR suggestion	Be hesitant to award the 6 if there is no instance of EITHER: 1) preposition + ordinal in an effort to provide detail about location, but be tolerant of distortions in adjective endings (Plätze in *die dritten Reihe); OR 2) less common preposition used in the same effort (neben *das Fenster).
			The task practically demands several instances of two key structural features:
			1) third-person singular to describe the birthday celebrant; look first for the verb ending, and worry less about the stem vowel
		to get some exercise)	2) modal verbs, applied to any of the various participants in the message (I can't be there. / You don't have to get the best tickets. / He's not supposed to know); look first for the null verb ending of the modal, and not at all about misuse of nicht müssen to mean "must not know"
4	Some of the created sentences are of the same level as the originals, [cont'd >>>>]	and a few are perfect German. No pattern of misspelling.	Basic description of 4: Includes information abou the the celebrant (mention of birthday or of the person's food / entertainment likes – doesn't need to be both to get the 4); makes several requests which go beyond the simple declaration of an activity that is to take place – there has to be some detail, and in more than one stage of the activity [cont'd below]; is more grateful than just "Thank you" – adds something like "you're a good friend"
3	Nearer 4 than 2	see at left	But the task is challenging for the 4 (and even the 6, if it is attempted completely). Where a weaker learner may well come up with "Sie gehen bitte *zu Konzert mit *ihn.), even a good learner, aiming high, may get trapped into "Ich möchte *Sie fragen ihm zu ein Konzert," so if that happens, look at other language to see the maintenance level)
2	Few or no created sentences are of the same level as the originals. [cont'd.>>>}	There are many errors in even simple words and expressions.	Give the 2 if the language is both brief relative to the task, and ALSO if the sentences are seriously weak down to the level of basic syntax (*Er nicht möchte classish Musik) and essential morphology (*Barbara konnen nicht Schokolade esst.)
1	a few words only	see at left	Consists of a few words and a garbled sentence or two that are related to the task.