

Tuesday December 29th 2009

Search

Economist.con \$



Manage my newsletters



Home

This week's print edition

Daily news analysis

Opinion

All opinion

Leaders

Letters to the Editor

Blogs

Columns

KAL's cartoons

Correspondent's diary

Economist debates

World politics

All world politics Politics this week

United States

The Americas

Asia

Middle East and Africa

Europe Britain

Special reports

Business and finance All business and finance

Business this week

Economics focus

Management Economics A-Z

Business education

All business education Which MBA?

Markets and data All markets and data

Daily chart

Weekly indicators

World markets

Currencies

Rankings

Big Mac index

Science and technology All science and technology Technology Quarterly Technology Monitor

Books and arts All books and arts Style guide

People People Obituaries

Diversions

Audio and video Audio and video library Audio edition

The World In

The World in 2010

The World in 2009

The World in 2008

The World in 2007 The World in 2006

The World in 2005

The World in 2004

Research tools All research tools

My account







Business

European competition law

Chimney sweeps under fire

Oct 19th 2006 | FRANKFURT From The Economist print edition

Brussels targets a quaint German monopoly

GERMANY'S chimney sweeps—hallowed as bringers of good luck, with their black top hats and coiled-wire brushes—are under attack. Last week the European Commission's directorate for the internal market revived proceedings against an antiquated German law that protects sweeps against competition.



Lucky holder of a monopoly

AP The country's chimney sweeps enjoy a near-perfect monopoly. Germany is divided into around 8,000 districts, each ruled by its own master sweep who usually employs two more sweeps. Although this is a private enterprise, the maintenance and inspection service provided is compulsory and prices are set by the local authority: sweeps cannot stray outside their district, nor can householders change their sweep even if they loathe him. This rule cuts both ways. "There are some customers I can't stand either," says one Frankfurt sweep.

The rationale is simple: chimney-sweeping and related gas and heating maintenance

in Germany are treated as a matter of public safety. Annual or semi-annual visits are prescribed, keeping the sweeps busy all year round.

For centuries, chimney-sweeps in Europe were a wandering breed. But in 1937 the chimney-sweep law was revised by Heinrich Himmler, then the acting interior minister. His rules tied chimney sweeps to their districts and decreed that they should be German, to enable him to use sweeps as local spies.

The law was updated in 1969, leaving the local monopolies in place but opening up the profession, in theory at least, to non-Germans. But in practice few apply. Four years ago a brave Pole qualified as a master in Kaiserslautern, according to a fellow student, and this year an Italian did so in the Rhineland Palatinate. But he, like most newly qualified German masters, will spend years on a waiting list before he gets his own district.

The European Commission would like to see a



Recommend

E-mail

Share

Print

Reprints & permissions

Related Items

Country briefing Germany

More articles about...

The European Union

Websites

The European Commission released information on its opposition to the law.

Advertisement



Articles by subject Economics A-Z Special reports Style guide

Country briefings All country briefings China India

United States

Brazil

My account home

Newsletters and alerts Manage my newsletters Manage my e-mail alerts Manage my RSS feeds Manage special-offer alerts More »

Print subscriptions
Subscribe to The
Economist
Renew my subscription
Change my print
subscription delivery,
billing or e-mail address
Pay my bill

Report a missing copy Suspend my subscription More »

Activate premium online

access

Digital subscriptions Subscribe to Economist.com Manage my subscription Mobile edition Audio edition Download screensaver More »

Classifieds and jobs

The Economist Group
About the Economist
Group
Economist Intelligence
Unit
Economist Conferences
Intelligent Life
CFO
Roll Call
European Voice
EuroFinance
Reprints and permissions

EIU online store

Economist shop

Advertisement

competitive market in which

people can choose their own sweeps, just as they choose builders or plumbers. It first opened infringement proceedings in 2003, and the German government of the time promised to change the law but failed to do so. And despite the huffing and puffing from Brussels, the government is still reluctant to dismantle its antiquated system on safety grounds. The number of deaths from carbonmonoxide poisoning in Germany is around one-tenth that in France or Belgium, claims the Frankfurt sweep. So Germans are likely to be stuck with their neighbourhood *Schornsteinfegers*—whether they can stand each other or not—for some time to come.



Back to top ^^

Advertisement