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REVIEWER RESPONSES

WIE, BITTE?

Approach: The approach has worked well with highly motivated students who have had previous FL learning experience, especially if the language has been German. The approach has also worked well with experienced teachers who are flexible and not conservative in their orientation to teaching. It has been less suitable for inexperienced graduate teaching assistants who teach most of our 8 - 10 beginning class sections which each enroll 20 -25 students.

It has not been easy because it takes considerable time and effort for coordination if the program is to run smoothly. Students responded well if the instructor's attitude was positive, and students adapted readily to the approach. They learned listening and speaking skills primarily, and reading and writing to a lesser extent. Structure has been problematic; we had to develop supplementary grammatical summaries i.e. lists of verbs, etc. to facilitate learning, and for review purposes.

Students met the goals we had expected because we set the goals lower than the authors had suggested. We had to skip

most Stage 2 sections, for example.

Length: The book is too long for our 3 semesters of three 50-minute sessions per week. We could do no more than 22 units by the end of semester 3, and then only by omitting a number of components i.e. most Stage 2 activities and most suggested tests.

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- 3. Format: The general organization of each chapter in the class text was useful and easy to use. It did lead to a lively, interactive classroom.
- 4. Looking Ahead: These were definitely useful to introduce each chapter, and the "Check Your Proficiency" sections in the workbook helped pull each chapter together.
- 5. Dialogs: The dialogs helped prepare students for material in the chapters. We had partner work after students had practiced audio tapes, and we talked around the topics with questions-answers and conversational expansion activities.

The dialogs are useful models and, in general, the tapes are well selected and developed. Of course, with German reunification many topics are obsolete and need to be reworked.

6. Grammar: We felt that there were too many bits and pieces in too many different places, and it was difficult to keep connecting parts tied together. There were too few explicit opportunties provided in the text to systematically practice the grammar. It required much time and effort to pull this together, especially to help our inexperienced teaching assistants.

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- 7. Situations: We usually assigned Stage 1 only and often had students write them for homework, and they were usually done well orally in class. The use of English to elicit German was no problem, and students learned not to translate word for word.
- 8. Strategy-culture: These were very good and I would not change them, except for obsolete information about East Germany, etc. Students reacted most favorably to these. There was no problem with the English presentation, but as a part of formal review after every fourth chapter, it would be good to have a page of culture in German for extra reading practice and review.

Illustrations: They are a great idea but they must be

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legible and usuable and many aren't. Why? Because some maps, for example, don't have a legend so that places can be found easily. That can be very frustrating, even for instructors.

Real German maps not only have letters vertically, and numbers horizontally, such as the Munich one in CT 314-315 but also a list of what all those numbers represent. They also have a list of street names with letters and numbers. It took me more than 30 minutes, for example, to find 3 eye doctors in Freburg i.e. ST 10, CE 4, Lesen, Stage 2, 1. The Mannheim (CT 310), Trier (CT 311), and Freiburg (CT 312) maps have no letters and numbers and so are very time—consuming to use. Also, a magnifying glass is needed to see the details on most of these. All of them, and the accompanying

specified activities in the workbook should be redone carefully.

The Bildwörterbuch is another great idea but it isn't linked closely with CT and ST activities. It has many possibilities for development but it's not an integral part

of either text.

10. Glossary: These were useful and well presented, but for systematic study and review purposes it would be a good idea to separate each chapter glossary into part 1 and part 2 as the chapters are divided.

11. Workbook/Tapes: The A tapes are indispensable. We most often didnot get to the B tapes, and only occasionally did we have time for C. It's not that they weren't very good. There was simply too much material. The Lesen and Schreiben we used with discretion as time permitted. It's very important that instructors work through these before students use them, because take too much time and others are trivial. We always used the Stage 1 Sprechen exercises. They were well received by students and valuable learning activities. As with

the CT Situationen, we sometimes had students write Sprechen sentences for homework. The structural exercises were OK but we added more for most grammar i. e. verb tense sentences, adjective ending sentences, etc. You need to add more structural exercises.

Dialog translations were useful mostly for student reference, but occasionally for getting students to say the German while seeing the English.

- 12. Instructor's Edition: The marginal annotations can be useful if one chooses to use them. The reaction of our experienced faculty to these was that if this much explanation and a 26 pp overview plus 10 pp of chapter notes were recommended to use this program, then it was too complicated and they didn't want to use it at all. However, I did find this information helpful for training graduate teaching assistants. When I asked our faculty how to improve the instructor's edition they said: "Keep it simple and straightforward."
- 13. Testbank/Tapescript: This more than anything else caused our faculty to rebel against the program after 1 semester. There were a number of errors in the tests, misspellings, wrong answer keys, and items that seemed insignificant for testing. We had to abandon the testing program during the middle of the first semester and created our own tests. I lobbied for adoption of Wie, bitte? partly because it included 4 skills tests that I wouldn't need to create, so this was a great disappointment. You need to return to square one for testing!
- 14. Overall: This is the poorest quality of textbook binding that I have ever encountered in 30 years of teaching. The opposite should be true because of the heavy wear and tear that the class text gets with the directions to constantly flip sections and pages.

Strengths: I think the approach is great - authentic material of substantial student interest with the goal of language acquisition rather than just rote learning. The general text topics and taped materials, especially the C tapes, are superior to what most other publishers offer in their basic German packages.

Weaknesses: The program needs to be refined, and very carefully replanned so that it can become more usuable and less frustrating, as suggested in the above points.

I would be willing to reuse this program if the significant changes that I have suggested were made. However, there is no way in our department because our faculty's negative attitudes about the materials have already become "fossilized", and another "more traditional" text has been adopted. We are in our last semester of Wie, bitte?

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University of Oregon. For the first two of those years, I used a text that had been selected before my arrival (<u>Deutsche Sprache und Landeskunde</u>, Random House). While I found the book adequate at first, I grew increasingly frustrated with its failure to provide in-class activities for communication, as this meant that I and my instructors (about twelve graduate teaching assistants, most of them German, most of them teaching for the first time) had to come up with activities of our own.

By the end of the second year I had decided to abandon this text, at which time a salesman for Wiley & Sons brought Wie, bitte? to my attention. I was immediately impressed with the inventiveness of the situations and the extensive use of realia, as these were the kinds of things we had found ourselves having to improvise. After further examination, I chose Wie, bitte? as our text for the following year.

This year I am coordinator for second-year German and am in charge of more experienced graduate assistants. We began classes this week, and these instructors, some of whom have been teaching second-year German for three years, have expressed astonishment at the unprecedented verbal abilities of their students—their readiness to speak, their relatively vast vocabulary, etc. In other words, they have been most favorably impressed with students who had been taught first-year German with <u>Wie, bitte?</u> It is thus with some regret that I note that my successor in first-year German has chosen another text (Auf Deutsch by Helga Kraft).

I consider <u>Wie, bitte?</u> to be the most original and most intelligently conceived German text I have seen, and I am in awe of the labor that has gone into its constitution, the tapes most particularly. This is the first time in ten years of teaching that I have gotten through an entire text (one usually ends the year with two or three chapters remaining, consoling oneself with the assumption that "they'd just forget the subjunctive case over the summer anyway"). In the course guidelines given to the students, I wrote a sentence which I think crystalizes the strength of the book: "The purpose of this course is not to teach you to translate English into German, nor to master grammatical structures, but to help you negotiate the experience of a foreign language and culture." The genius of Wie, bitte? is the relentless persistence with which it forces students to press on in the face of an inevitably incomplete understanding (a fact inscribed in its very title). Again, I would say that the tapes (first and foremost) and the situations (in the workbook) are are the most important factors in producing students who are willing to speak and not afraid to improvise, guess or take risks.

Despite the foregoing, I had constant difficulty convincing my instructors of the merits of <u>Wie</u>, <u>bitte?</u> (although they were sold by the end of the year). This was due in part to the unconventionality of the book coupled with the

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insecurity of teaching assistants who, never having taught before, tended to fall back on the familiar conventions of their own schooling. Specifically, no amount of pedagogical erudition can fully convince certain teaching assistants (especially the Germans) that the explicit communication of grammar skills is not the ultimate measure of their success or failure as language teachers. Many of them expressed repeated dissatisfaction with the grammar explanations in <u>Wie</u>, bitte?, and some of them even made xerox packets taken from other books.

Now, I don't recommend changing anything where structural exercises are concerned. I believe that the treatment of grammar in <u>Wie, bitte?</u> is proportionate to the emphasis which most L2 specialists are placing on grammar nowadays. I do recommend, however, that other aspects of the book(s) be changed in order that the aforementioned dissatisfaction be localized and not deflected onto the rest of the book.

To begin with, and I offer this as a trivial example, the bindings of at least half of the copies we ordered were defective to the point of literally falling apart, which simply gave the disaffected one more thing to gripe about. I assume this defect was costly to you and has already been corrected.

The more difficult and important task will be that of streamlining Wie, bitte? Its organization—though a function of its richness—is unnecessarily complex and difficult to use for student and instructor alike. For example, the Bildwörterbuch is by itself a brilliant addition, but hidden so far away that we tended to forget it was there. Another example: the written exercises in the workbook often refer students to realia (train schedules, menus, maps, etc) located in another part of the workbook or even in the main text, when those same materials could have been placed alongside the exercise itself. Yet another example: the reference grammar in the workbook is simply beyond most of our students. All in all, this complexity of organization requires such constant lateral movement through material as to make it harder to negotiate than it needs to be. I think an effort must be made to integrate these physically components into the chapter sequence.

I have already indicated that I consider the workbook, and especially the regimen of the tapes, to be the strongest component of Wie, bitte? Here, too, there is a high degree of overload, and we never assigned everything in a given chapter (usually about half of the reading and writing assignments; under the category of "Sprechen," we would typically assign "any three"). As for listening comprehension, we would generally assign all of A and B, with Cl optional. At the beginning of the year, some of our students were spending three hours a night on the tapes. Still, the greatest strength of this package is the fact that students are constantly required to work with the tapes. I recommend (1) that the instructor's edition give detailed suggestions on how to use tapes during class (it is necessary in the beginning to demonstrate to students that the tape exercises are not as hard as they seem); (2) that the overwhelming C-sections be shortened considerably, and (3) that sets of tapes be made available to students for purchase as part of the package (our students were able to bring their own blank cassettes to the bookstore and have copies made for \$1 each, meaning that they paid at least \$30 over the year).

The situations in each chapter are also among the strongest components of Wie,

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bitte? and are the most helpful in terms of establishing in-class activities. I would suggest including situations in which only the initial circumstances are given (rather than a paraphrase of the entire conversation). Gernerally, I found myself having to augment the situations with more provocative ones. For example, in a section where students are trying to buy tickets for the opera or city-tours, I would create a situation in which one student was standing in line to buy tickets for a Rolling Stones concert, is informed by the ticket agent that the concert is sold out, whereupon a scalper offers to sell him some tickets. I would do situations like this daily, usually calling on several students to improvise in front of the class. The situations in the book would be done in pairs. (I comment below on the thematic content of the chapters.)

Another aspect of the book that disturbed some of our instructors was the constant thematic emphasis on train travel, customs officers, ticket windows, post offices, restaurants, etc. Here I agree with them. I missed, for example, chapters toward the beginning of <u>Deutsche Sprache und Landeskunde</u> dealing with various aspects of university life which are of particular relevance to our students. Such themes as course schedules, night life, housing problems, etc. made it very easy to extrapolate from the material and engage students in dialogues about their own everyday routines. <u>Wie, bitte?</u> does not offer this opportunity, i.e., it does not teach a vocabulary that is easily transferable to the daily lives of students. You cannot imagine the frustration of the instructors last Spring when, in the midst of student fascination with political events in Germany, the book would have had us acting out trips to the laundramat (cf. your penultimate chapter).

Another, more specific suggestion. We are well into January before <u>Wie</u>, <u>bitte?</u> introduces the informal "du"-form. The rationale is clear: if students go to Germany, they will first encounter situations (with police, customs, landlords) in which they must use the formal "Sie." However, as I mentioned earlier, most of our instructors are native German graduate students who are uncomfortable addressing fellow students as "Sie." This is their first <u>real</u> speech situation and should not be subject to the artifical imposition of formality. Introduce the "du"-form in chapter one. Generally, I think a reversal of the present order is more appropriate and applies as well to the thematic parallel. The book should begin by introducing vocabulary that facilitates a getting-acquainted process—with each other, with their instructor, which German young people they are likely to be involved with. The more formal themes (customs declarations, etc.) should come afterwards.

I believe I have covered most of the review questions you sent me, though not in order. Regarding number 8, I would indeed prefer less English, even if it means less information. On number 7, I feel that students would be less likely to translate the English instructions (paraphrases) if they were openended and thus subject to improvisation. Number 11: the dialogue translations are so remote as to be useless. Number 12: the instructor's edition is great; never before have the authors of a language book taken the quarter-system into account. Number 13: the test bank is helpful, though we used it selectively, as we prefer much shorter quizzes.

A smaller point concerning packaging: More and more of the new textbooks that cross my desk contain slick and often beautiful photo-essays on Germany and as such appeal, I would think, to the cultural fetishism that always plays a role

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in language learning. There is little in  $\underline{\text{Wie, bitte?}}$  that conveys the German landscape (in the narrow or the broad sense).

On the same note, let me share with you an idea I've ben toying with. Every year the German government sends (via the Goethe institute, I think) German professors a calendar (comb-bound at the top, each page representing one week). At the top of each page is a row of three, thematically related color photographs (of German writers, landscapes, industrial regions, rivers, historical subjects)—a kind of German cultural—geography in pictures. Everytime I receive one, I think how wonderful it would be to have one of these in the form of an academic calendar (beginning August or September) that students could buy and use as a kind of class notebook, keeping track of assignments, exams, etc., but also using as a resource on German Landeskunde.—This doesn't relate directly to Wie, bitte?, or course, but it seems that a text that is so strongly oriented towards a student's eventual trip to Germany should also depict Germany (as well as Austria and Switzerland) as an intersting, attractive or exciting place to travel to.

Let me emphasize that I consider <u>Wie, bitte?</u>, even as is, the best of its kind. A simplified organization and the introduction of livelier themes (especially in light of recent developments in Germany) would make it better. I think, incidentally, that my situation as coordinator was typical, i.e., that most instructors teaching college-level German in the US are graduate students, many of them native Germans. The authors of a textbook must take into account the additional difficulties which this situation entails.

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#### Review of WIE, BITTE

1. APPROACH. Generally works very well. It is easy to use in the sense that the students are interacting with each other for most of the class period. The main difficulties include the following. lot of thought has to go into figuring out how the optimum amount of German can be used in class without constantly switching between English and German when working with material where there is such a mixture of the two. 2) Trying to anticipate how many fairly structured drills (eg., Haben Sie X ? Nein, ich habe keine X.) are required before the students get a feel for the structure and can use it fairly reliably in more natural communication. We spend a lot of time thinking up additional drill situations that are fun and involve real language in addition to hunting up all the realia. students--at least most of them--eventually adapt and respond pretty enthusiastically. As expected, some students, because of their preferred learning styles and/or previous experience with learning another language, get frustrated with not completely understanding and producing perfectly everything as they go along; we devote a fair amount of time and energy attempting to counteract their frustration. Spending part of a class period just discussing the theoretical rationale behind a communicative approach and language acquisition theories has really helped some students adapt. Yes, students develop speaking and listening proficiency. We notice a definite increase in willingness to take risks and experiment in speaking German compared with other texts. But I suspect that the instructor conducting about 90% of the class in German is also necessary, which is not built into the approach. After 1 semester of a 4-credit beginning German course in which we covered chapters 1-7, students' ability to read and write / control materials other than menus and tables was very limited.

- 2. LENGTH. Way too long, heavy, and expensive for only a first year text, at least for our students : We covered chapters 1-7 in a 14-week semester of a 4-credit beginning German course. We therefore anticipate using the text for at least 3 semesters, especially since the topics do not go deep enough into everyday life in Germany. (Cf. below.)
- FORMAT. Overall organization of all the material is unduly complex and very time-consuming to learn and unwieldy to use--not helped by the text books disintegrating after only 3 months of use. (We appreciate being sent replacements!) The biggest complaints from students and instructors have been the following. 1) It is impossible to use either the text or workbook without having to flip back and forth between both books. 2) It is confusing to have a realia section in both texts. We therefore strongly recommend that the Document section be in the textbook only (having to flip back and forth in the workbook from the assignment page to the Document section is VERY awkward). 3) The page numbering system is confusing in the workbook--why not just plain sequential as in class text? 4) All the abbreviations are very confusing: CT, ST (workbook?), CE, DT, DS, ect. Some stand for German terms, others for English. Word processing programs aren't that convoluted. Students and instructors waste a lot of time trying to figure out what's what and where the heck it is as one book inevitably crashes to the floor because desks are too small to hold both books at the same time. The organization

within chapters is fine; the recursive organization of topics is very nice. We're not sure it's the format itself that leads to "a lively, interactive classroom."

- 4. LOOKING AHEAD. As instructors we didn't pay any attention to these chapter introductions.
- 5. DIALOGS. Seems to prepare students for the following materials, but as in the Situations, there's no distinction made between passive comprehension and active use of the structures and vocabulary according to whether students are playing tourist (active) or the native German--whom the students presumably should be able to comprehend but not replace. Using a variety of ways to express the same thing in the dialogs makes the language seem more real and interesting; however, at least at the beginning levels the students tend to mix and match words and structures in rather novel, non-German ways when they do the situations. This still may be preferable though to learning well only one way to say something. We read aloud the dialogs in class, with students repeating after me and then working on difficult pronunciations; then we have them try to repeat the conversations at normal speed and intonation. They read through the conversations several times with a partner, using realia if we can manage it. we usually try to set up drill-type interactions before they try the situations.

Except for those few students (mostly mature adults) who already have plans to travel to Germany, the non-stop tourist exchanges quickly become borrring. What 18-year-old (half our 1st semester class), in anyway, has the money to travel to Germany and then order a porkchop dinner in a restaurant, stay in a real hotel and buy into the polyester-suited tour group set? This second time around teaching from this text, we're adding lots of TPR-type activities to teach weather, colors, clothes, body parts, classroom objects, common actions so the students don't leave knowing how to order a porkchop dinner they can't afford but not knowing how to put on their jacket, hat and mittens because it's snowing outside. The unrelenting survival tourist German also keeps the students from any closer look at Germans other than from the distant view of consumers, all the Germans they talk with in the dialogs being sellers. And compared with a text such as AUF DEUTSCH, there is an almost total lack of wit and humor.

- 6. GRAMMAR. The grammar that is formally presented in the structural notes seems well integrated into the content/topics and the sequencing seems to make sense. We occasionally had a hard time figuring out the structural notes, eg., p. 58, #2. Explanations in reference grammar seem clear and thorough enough though some students initially have problems finding their way around.
- 7. SITUATIONS. Students certainly seem willing to play along though they tire of being tourists. Some, even after a whole semester of hearing and having modeled for them "don't translate literally, don't use a dictionary, use only the language we've practiced," seem incapable of abstracting a situation from the language used to

describe it. Initially, it takes a lot of energy to try to keep students from translating, and with say 15 pairs of students, it's almost impossible to adequately monitor all the groups. Some students—the better students and non-translators—handle the stage 2 and "Versuchen Sie doch" OK; about half the students are definitely in over their imaginative and linguistic heads. Number of Situations is about right. We have mixed feelings about the Situations being in English. It does allow for setting up more realistic situations, but it's certainly a battle to keep some students from translating. Generally, constantly mixing English and German in the books is a real problem for us (Cf. #14).

- 8. STRATEGY-CULTURE. Seems useful. As a whole, students seem moderately interested. Using English did not bother us here. Again, though, students leave 1st semester German with the impression that German culture = tourist industry. There is an apparent discrepancy is the use of Frau/Fraulein when customers say "Fraulein" in restaurant dialogs. The use of "Fraulein" is misleading, anyway. Generally, the term is used only for very young (16/17) women or by chauvinists. If we tell our students that, they must wonder about how many very young women are working in sales.
- 9. ILLUSTRATIONS. We use menus, train schedules and tourist brochures, and to some extent maps; otherwise, discussing the photographs in class in German is too advanced for 1st semester students. One major problem is that too often the print is too small--particularly with maps; the effort required to decipher is just not worth it. We therefore recommend taking out those maps (eg., the one of Mannheim, p. 310--the one of Trier, p. 311 is much more useful) and substituting maps of smaller areas with larger/clearer print. The same can be said for using maps, tables, and schedules for developing reading skills. Often way too much effort going into figureing out the system for wht the students acquire in reading skills. Students express lots of frustration here, particularly those who don't anticipate needing to know how to read a streetcar map any time soon. And students learn to read lots of abbreviations but no normal discourse. The picture dictionary is definitely helpful.
- 10. GLOSSARY. Students are frustrated with nouns-by-articles presentation in the text and often having to hunt through the glossary in both the text and workbook. The chapter glossaries seem more useful than the one in text. Our students would prefer one glossary alphabetized consecutively.
- 11. WORKBOOK/TAPES. The workbook is well integrated with the main text. Listen tapes are particularly useful. Students really need to hear lots and lots of real German outside class when much of what they hear in class is their partner's/group's less-than-German German. Most students eventually overcome their frustration with not being able to understand all of the C-tapes. Many panic at first; this semester we put off assigning C-tapes until Chapter 2, but they still need to be accompanied with lots of "Don't panic!" The elaborate decimal system of organizing tapes is overwhelming. Students don't complain that the cassettes are boring, but neither can they hardly

wait for the next installment of weather reports, stockmarket prices and sport scores. We haven't figured out how to use the speaking exercises effectively. Having students write them out is hardly speaking, and then there needs to be some feedback mechanism. Students are not going to sit home carrying on a one-way conversation with themselves. We try having them partner up in class and figure out how to turn them into an exchange. The better students are bored because this becomes a watered down Situation; the other students seem to lack imagination to convert them into real conversation. We use the reading exercises sparingly since students last year unanimously complained that all the time required to figure out these schedules, maps and tables was not worth the language they learned from them. assign the writing exercises just as selectively--a few exercises requiring lists and such, none of the letters, however. Very few students ever learned how to resist trying to translate directly because there was not enough modeling. We use all the structural exercises; they seem to work well. We go over them in class as the formal grammar part of the course. Dialog translations are fine.

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- 12. INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION. Marginal notes are helpful and easy to use except where they are split between pages and columns, in which case the continuation is not always readily apparent. We read the additional chapter notes, mostly to double check the intent of the material.
- 13. TEST BANK/TAPESCRIPT We selectively use the test bank for chapter tests and as a way of deciding what we need to spend more time on. Students generally find these tests difficult. (One wonders, however, just how much homework students generally do.) The system for deciding which workbook exercises have answer keys and which do not escapes me. We have students self-correct their workbook exercises, so it would be helpful if an answer key rationale were clearly stated.
- 14. Overall, the strength of this program is its attempt at a communicative approach. Weaknesses: 1) not enough non-tourist German to begin with; 2) constant mixing of German and English, eg., exercises labeled Hören, Sprechen, Lesen, followed by "stage" 1. Gesprach 1 on CT 91 is sophomoric--"knock up a room" isn't even a likely translation of "an Ihre Tür klopfen." It makes it hellishly difficult to stay in German at the beginning level. Students have a tough time finding their way around all the material and then trying to translate it all into German at the same time......

Some glaring Americanisms should be eliminated, eg., the use of "finden" in place of "suchen," and of "sehen" instead of "sprechen," (eg., in the instructions, p. 122), "gehen" for "fahren," p. 132.

Some errors might be corrected. A residential district is a WOHNVIERTEL, not a "Wohnungsviertel"; the South American river is the AMAZONAS, p. 115; We know of no German who would order "Schwarztee" but only SCHWARZER TEE or SCHWARZEN TEE, p. 91. "Es gibt so viel Lärm," p. 127, would sound more natural as "HIER IST SO VIEL LÄRM." Germans tend to use the generalizing "man" rather than "ich" in statements as in Gespräch 4, p. 131. (Im Aufenthaltsraum darf man

nicht rauchen...Mit denen kann man gut reden, wenn man etwas auf dem Herzen hat.) On p. 137, "Haben wir denn kein Aspirin, oder so?" should be changed to "HABEN WIR DENN KEIN ASPIRIN, ODER WAS?" "Ihnen" needs to be capitalized in the first lines of Gesprāche 3 and 4, same page. Instructions for the instructor, p. 168, should use DARF instead of "kann," except that we wouldn't say "Man kann/darf das nicht glauben," but instead "DAS IST JA NICHT ZU GLAUBEN." Better "ICH KANN NICHT INS KONZERT GEHEN" instead of "zum Konzert," p. 175, and "ES IST EINE HELLBRAUNE TASCHE AUS WILDLEDER" statt "Sie ist...," p. 187. It might be pointed out that "nicht" is short for "NICHT WAHR," or "isn't that so," p. 182. In Gesprāch 1, p. 241 GEBURSURKUNDEN would make a lot more sense than "Geburtsdaten." "Was denken Sie beim....," p. 132 would more naturally be "WORAN DENKEN SIE." On p. 175, "Er/Sie ist eine nette Person" is not much of a compliment--"Person" is to be used with extreme caution, ie., only in the sense of "Fūr wie viele Personen?" unless one is talking about a "dumme Person" and means to be condescending or critical.

William Fischer Copy 753

#### Review of Wie, Bitte?

Before beginning to answer the review questions rubric by rubric I should note that at foreign language teaching at the first year level consists of two 2-hour sessions per week with an optional language lab. The reason for the optional language lab is that we are an urban university and many of our students maintain either part-time or full time jobs and thus a requisite language lab would be impracticable. Consequently no existing textbook could be perfect for us since ours is not an ideal situation for language teaching. This should always be borne in mind when reading the following critique.

#### 1. Approach

I think the approach a good one which works well in our classes. Student response was, in the main, enthusiastic and successful. The rst of the questions in this section will be answered in the course of th review.

#### 2. Length

The length of the text works well for us in that we are using it as a first year text. is on the quarter system and we have divided the book so as to cover essentially six chapters per quarter. IN the fourth quarter we add outside readings to the text. For example, the grammar of chapter 22 discusses the "wer, wem, wen" forms so I gave the students Christian Morgenstern's Der Werwolf and a few other Morgenstern poems as outside reading. Thus they have the grammatical forms down pat and at the same time read a clever and amusing poem.

As to "getting through it" we do indeed get through the text itself. Inasmuch as ours is an optional language lab, however, there is far more taped material than we can possibly use. Still, th simple reading of the dialogues is of great help to the students in giving them the opportunity of hearing the

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language spoken. In taping for future editions it would be a good idea to have all the readings done by native speakers.

#### 3. Format

The format is naturally predicated on the approach to the subject and works very well in this regard. "IS it useful and easy to use?" After the first few weeks in the classroom I fearedat first it might be too much of a "Berlitz for Travellers" what with the "Einzelzimmer-Doppelzimmer" and the "Stadtrundfahrt" and so forthbut having used the book now for the greater part of a year I find that the dialogues do, for the most part, reflect the grammatical principles involved in the chapter and, at the same time, give the student useful vocabulary for everyday situations. The format is certainly flexibale which is a prime criterion in a situation such as I have described here at

As for "lively, interactive classroom" that will be answered in rubric 7.

#### 4. Looking Ahead

The chapter introductions are innocuous enough but since the same material is covered all over again in the Structures section I don't see that they are necessary or add anything.

## 5. Dialogues

I have already noted in # 3 that the dialogues do, in my opinion, work well in reflecting the grammar. As you may see from our syllabus (enclosed) we devote approximately three sessions (6 hours) to each chapter. The dialogu are used at the beginning of each of the first two sessions. I feel the topics are well chosen in that as already noted they do afford the student

useful vocabulary which will prepare him or her for real-life situations.

#### 6. Grammar

As an old-fashioned grammarian I must find this the weakest part of the text. I think that the section called Structure should should frankly be called Grammar and should present the grammatical principles for the chapter clearly and succinctly rather than talking round them and then referring the student to the Reference Grammar. There will be more on this in rubric 11.

#### 7. Situations

I should state flat out that I think this is by far and away the most valuable contribution the text makes to modern foreign language teaching. I became aware of this technique only a few years ago and must say that at first I was extremely dubious as to its value. It seemed to me that it would simply afford the students a chance for skylarking and general chaos. I can only say after using it that I think it a great idea and the reson for that is this: it has always been my contention that in a foreign language the student should have the opprtunity of demonstrating what he does know, not what he does not know. Simple vocabulary tests or translations from English into German show that the student knows the material covered or he does not and there's an end to it. The situations, on the other hand, give him the chance to use his imagination and resource in circumlocution and this is the secret of ready speaking in my estimation. The only "difficulty" the student has at first is in taking the situations too literally. At first glance the students se@ that A asks if such and such is available and their first reaction is to think "My God! I don't know the word for 'available'." But it quickly dawns on them that they may just ask B if he has such and such. This gives them a wonderful feeling of accomplishment and is, I feel, of incalculable value in building self-confidence in the language. I think the number of

Review Wie, Bitte? p. 4.

situations as they now stand is ample and I like their being divided as they are so that the teacher can budget time for them. I propose to continue using <u>Wie</u>, <u>Bitte?</u> primarily because of this feature of the book.

## 8. Strategy-Culture

These essays are intersting and informative but the students for the most part didn't express great enthusiasm for them. It would be fine if there were more classroom time available for discussion but we simply don't have that time. If they were shorter and in German they could be used as readings and that would be a distinct plus since at present there is little reading as reading.

#### 9. Illustrations

The illustrations are well chosen and act as excellent springboards for discussion of the texts. The realia are a nice idea but we have little time really to make the greatest use of them. At present they make a nice browsing section for the adventurous student.

#### 10. Glossary

The most outstanding criticism of <u>Wie</u>, <u>Bitte?</u> as I see it — and this has also been voiced by colleagues and the students as well — is that the glossaries should be re—titled Vocabulary and most definitely be included in the text at the end of each chapter. The division of nouns into gender categories is a good idea but the verbs would also profit by being listed apart from "other", preferably divided into strong and weak with strong principal parts given. Nouns should also give the plural form where appropriate. Along with rubric 7 this is themost importnat part of this whole review.

waybe

#### 11. Workbook/Tapes

It is impossible to give a good answer to the value of the tapes since our language lab is optional. So far as I can tell, the students find the reading of the dialogues the most valuable part of them. Of the exercises in the workbook itself the structural exercises are the most valuable. Of the workbook in general I should say that there is far more material than can possibly be covered adequately in a time frame such as ours. With the wealth of materials offerred in the workbook and tapes I should say seriously that Wie, Bitte? would be the perfect text at a school which could offer a minimum of at least three hours a day five days a week for German. As it is we have an embarrassment of riches. I do think this immense amount of material is daunting to the beginning student as well as confusing. Perhaps a good deal of pruning might be advisable here. I also think the dialogue translations should be omitted.

#### 12. Instructor's edition

I think the instructor's guide an excellent idea. The marginal notes are informative and useful and I should think of enormous value to the younger instructor with little classroom experience who may not yet have had the opportunity of visiting Germn-speaking countries. Along with #7 I think this is one of the most attractive aspects of the whole package.

#### 13. Test BAnk/ Tapescript

Because of time considerations this material was not used. While I am sure it is valuable in enhancing the material presented it is not absolutely necassary to the success of the program.

Review Wie, Bitte? p. 6.

#### 14. General Comments

I think the preceding pretty much covers both gripes and bravos but a few remarks in closing might be appropriate. I meant to mention in the section on vocabularies it might also be a good idea to print active vocabulary in bold-faced type as ahs been done in other texts. This way the students know the minimum expected of them.

I think my main gripe is thet there is too much in the workbook and not enough in the text. The workbook should be just that; it should contain the exercises. Period. I have already noted that the vocabularies should definitely be included at the end of each chapter and the reference grammar should be placed at the end of the text for handy reference. I intensely dislike the pagination of the workbook. The division into SG, CE, DT, CG, RG and DS seems to me very gimmicky and pseudo-scientific and serves only to confuse the student.

I hope the foregoing critique may be of some help in shaping future editions of the book. I think it can be a really first-rate teaching text and even in its present state I propose to continue its use here I very much look forward to the next edition. If I can be of any more use to you please feel free to call on me.

Respectfully submitted,

#### GN 101 Svllabus

Text: <u>Wie Ritte</u>?, Fischer and Richardson

Stundenplan	
	Introduction, Preliminary Chapter 1.
2	Preliminary Chapter 2.
	_ Chapter 1: Fahrkarten
4	Chapter 1: ImbiR
5.	Ouiz Chapter 1; Chapter 2: Im Hotel
5 N	Chapter 2: Restaurant
7.	Ouiz Chapter 2: Chapter 3: Fahrkartenschalter
8.	Chapter 3: Reisentoviant
9 g	Ouiz Chanter 3; Chapter 4: Im Zug
	Chapter 4: Mo ist die StraRe?
	Ouiz Chapter 4; Chapter 5: Haltestelle
	Chapter 5: Hotel - Rad oder Dusche?
13.	Ouiz Chapter 5; Chapter 6; Geldwechsel
T 1 2	Chapter 6: Kiosk
15.	Ouiz Chapter 6; Chapter 7: Stadtrundfahrt
16.	Chanter 7: Konditored
).7.	Ouiz Chapter 7; Chapter 8: Operokasse
18.	Charter 9: Altstadt: Review

Mausaufnabe: -Homework is an integral part of your grade - for every chapter and in writing, this homework is due on the day before the chapter test:

Workbook part Hören: Stages 1 and 2 (A and R)

Structural Exercises: all

Also: Read all parts of each chapter, review the grammaticals points in the Reference Grammar and learn the vocabulary.

#### GM 102 Syllabus

Text: Wie Miste? Fischer and Richardson

Studennlan	
1.	Introduction, Chapter 9: Frühstlick
2.	Chapter 9: Was empfehlen Sie?
3.	Review Chapter 9
4.	Quiz Chapter 9; Chapter 10: <u>Dom</u>
5.	Chanter 10: Geschenke
6.	Review Chapter 10
7.	Quiz Chapter 10; Chapter 11: Zoo
8.	Chapter 11: Abendfahrt
9,	Review Chanter 11
10.	Quiz Chapter 11; Chapter 12: Post
11.	Chapter 12: <u>Im Abteil</u>
	Review Chapter 12
13.	Quiz Chapter 12; Chapter 13: Jugendharberge
14.	Chapter 13: Krankheit
15.	Review Chanter 13
16.	Ouiz Chapter 13: Chapter 14: Museum
17.	Chapter 14: Wanderung
18.	Review Chapters 9-14
Hausaufgabe	: Homework is an integral part of your grade - For every chapter and in writing, this homework is due on the day before the chapter test.
Workhook past	Hören: Stages I and 2 (A and B)

Also: Read all parts of each chapter, review the grammatical points in the Reference Grammar and learn the vocabulary.

Structural Fxercises: Ald.

## German 103 Syllabus

Text: <u>Wie Ritte</u>? Fischer and Richardson

Stundenplan			
	Introduction; Chapter 15: Zimmervermittlung		
2.	Chapter 15: Wohnung		
3.	Review Chapter - 15		
4.	Quiz Chapter 15; Chapter 16: Stadtplan - Fahrplan		
5.	Chapter 16: <u>U-Bahn</u> - <u>S-Bahn</u>		
6 .	_ Review Chapter 16		
7.	Quiz Chapter 16; Chapter 17: Mensa		
8.	_ Chapter 17: <u>Universität</u>		
9.	_ Review Chapter 17		
10.	Quiz chapter 17; Chapter 18: Kaufhaus		
11.	Chapter 18: Fundbüro		
12.	Review Chapter 18		
13.	Quiz Chapter 18; Chapter 19: Freizeit - Natur und Sport		
14.	Chapter 19: Freizcit : Hobbys und Musik		
15.	Review Chapter 19		
16.	Quiz chapter 19; Chapter 20: Konzert		
17.	Chapter 20: Weinprobe		
18.	Review Chapters 15-20		
Hausaufgabe: - Homework is an integral part of your grade -			
	For every chapter and in writing, this homework is due on the day before the chapter test.		
Workhook Part	Hören: Stages 1 and 2 (A and R) Structural Exercises: AU		

Also: Read <u>all</u> parts of each chapter; review the grammatical points in the Reference Grammar; and learn the vocabulary.

## GN 104 Syllabus

Text: Wie Bitte? Fischer and Richardson

Stundenplan	
	Introduction; Chapter 21: Ausflüge
2.	Chaptere 21: Reisebliro
	Review Chapter 21
4.	Quiz Chapter 21; Chapter 22: Berlin - die geteilte Stadt
	Chapter 22; Berlin: Hauptstadt der DDR
6.	Review Chapter 22
7.	Quiz chapter 22; Chapter 23: Gedenkstätten
8.	Chapter 23: Rentuer
9.	Review Chapter 23; Chapter 24: Die altte Heimat - damals
10.	Chapter 24: Die alte heimat - jetzt
11.	Review Chapter 24
12.	Quiz Chapter 24; Chapter 25: Wäscherei
13.	Chapter 25: Fotoentwicklung
14.	_ Review Chapter 25
15.	Ouiz Chapter 25; Chapter 26; Unhöflichkeit
16.	Chapter 26: Willkommen
17.	Review Chapter 26
18.	Oniz Chapter 26; Review Chapters 21-26
Hausaufgabe	: - Homework is an integral part of your grade For every chapter and in writing, this homework is due on the day before the chapter test.
Workhook na	rt <u>Hören:</u> Stages 1 and 2 (A and B) <u>Struktural Exercises: ALL</u>

Also: Read all parts of each chapter; review the grammatical points in the Reference Grammar; and learn the vocabulary.

# **QUESTIONNAIRE**

# WIE, BITTE? Introductory German for Proficiency

Academic Calendar: semester trimester quarter other
Length of Course: 2 terms 5 class hours per week + 1 hr laboratory
Approximate Annual Enrollment: 85 for Sections using Wie, hite? Approx  How much of the text do you complete? 60% leginning texts.  What text did you use before? Modern German (Vail, Sparks, Huber)
How much of the text do you complete? <u>60%</u> 130 additional with other beginning texts
What text did you use before? Modern german (Vail, Sparks, Huber)
Do you plan to use it the next time you teach the course? yes no /
If yes, what features are most appealing to you and your students?
If no, what are the main reasons for not using it?
Far too confusing for students to use: to complex
too little direction structure: too expensive:
For too confusing for students to use: too complex, too little direction structure: too expensive;  poorly bound; failure of software to appear as promised.
APPROACH:
Has the approach worked well? yes no
Is it easy to use? difficult?
How did the students respond? With ansiderable frustration
Does the program develop students' proficiency? yes no
Did they learn skills?
Did the authors fulfill the goals they established? yes no
Comments: The approach, which has so much potential
proved impossible to stick with, students
were floundering and it was necessary to
Heret to a partial grammar-brient ation
comments: The approach, which has so much potential,  proved impossible to stick with; students  were floundaring and it was necessary to  tevent to a partial gramman-brient ation  to supply he cessary structure.

STR	TT		TO	T.
3 I K	. 2. 1	a a a	. J. RK	

Did the grammar presentation work well in class?yes
Are the structural notes in the text helpful? yes vo_ inade quate and too
Are the structural notes in the text helpful? yes no i nade snake and for  Is the reference grammar in the study text helpful? yes no fav for have in the hold  Are the extanations clear? yes no fav for have in the hold  be the manage the rough  2 texts [
Are the extanations clear?yes no fav do have
accurate?
thorough yes no
Did the students use the reference grammar?yes _v_no
SITUATIONS:
Did they work well in class? yes no - Some times; generally no
Did students have difficulty learning how to use them? yes no
Did they enjoy them? no park all
Are they interesting? yes no Useful? yes no .
Are there enough? too many? too few?
How do you feel about the use of English in setting up the situations?
Did the students try to translate?yesno
Any suggestions for improving the situations? July life in the frake with
Any suggestions for improving the situations? <u>Simplify</u> in Legrale with
STRATEGY-CULTURE;
Do these sections provide useful information? yes no
How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more German even though it would mean less information?

What was the student response to these sections? Alm Rangel.
What was the student response to these sections? Alukaly good.
T I IIOTO ATVANO.
LUSTRATIONS:
Are the photos and realia useful in stimulating class activity? yes no
in developing reading skills?   yes no ys, to a legree  Are they well selected?   yes no partially
And there were the standard to
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Did you use the realia section at the end of the book? yes no
the picture dictionary? Vyes no occasionally
Were these sections useful?yes no or by partally
- mrang
GLOSSARY:
io this was \$130
s this useful?yesno well presented?yesno
How did you feel about the presentation of nouns by article? hnhe cess an, and
Confining
WORKBOOK/TAPES:
is the workbook wall into contain with the stars to the
is the workbook well integrated with the class text? yes no
Are the listening exercises useful?
effective?yes
interesting?yesyoj
Are the cassettes good learning tools? Vyes no if bethe handled
interesting?yesno
Are they easy or difficult to use?
Did you use the extra aural realia? yes no local
Did you use the extra aural realia? yes I no No time to do even the regular mate; al!
ymar mate, al!

\*. •

· • •	
;	Are the speaking exercises useful? yes no but too complex
	effective? yes no interesting? yes no
	Are the writing exercises useful? yes no
,	effective? yes no interesting? yes no partly
	Are the reading exercises useful?yes no gangally not,
	effective? yes no interesting? yes no
	Are the structural exercises useful?yesno
	effective?yesno interesting?yesno
	Are there enough exercises? too few? too many?
	Which types? too little five grownan; sest too humerons.
	Do you like to have the dialog translations included? yes no
	Any suggestions for improvement of the workbook? Shorten dras tically
	eliminate separate work book: I vol text
	Of the tapes? Simplify: Include regular granuar
	ANNOTATED INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION:
	Did you use this? yes no
	Are the marginal annotations useful? Vyes no to a point, but hat much
	easy ordifficult to use?
	Is the instructor's guide informative?yes no helpful?yes no
	Did you use any of the additional chapter notes? yes no raye Ly
	Did you use any of the additional chapter notes? yes no rank ly  Any suggestions for improvement of the Instructor's Edition?
	for regular edition, above

TEST	RA	NK	TA	PESCRIPT:	
A CAR	3.3.2	AR FL	<i>1</i> 11 22		

: -	Did you use this? no
	Is the material useful? yes no well presented? yes no
	Did you use the additional cassettes?yes no
:	Any suggestions for improvement in the test bank? Far Loo difficult—
	had he be simplified and constantly
	modified.
	GENERAL:
	Please list in order of importance the strengths of the book.
	1. The book was a great disappointment.
	A good basic idea was ruined by
	2. a presentation heedlessy complex and
	expensive and the hard-bound text
	3. fell apart in 3 weeks!), extremely
	Refice H to organize. Promised lab
	4. modrials for computer here
	materialized. A very distressing  5. experience, which I do not intend  to tepeat!
	to repeat!

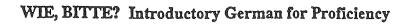
Please lis	st in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.
1.	32.50
2.	hve vi om
3.	$\Lambda y$
	Vel 1
4.	- hay
5.	
	,

RN/bp 08-31-03

# 2 William Fischer

O MAHIOMAIN

# QUESTIONNAIRE



Academic Calendar: semester trimester X quarter other
Length of Course: 3 terms 4 class hours per week
Approximate Annual Enrollment: 15
How much of the text do you complete? through Chap. 24
What text did you use before? <u>Deutsche Sprache und Landeskunde</u>
Do you plan to use it the next time you teach the course? x yes no (I am already using it again this academic year.)  If yes, what features are most appealing to you and your students?
I especially liked the proficiency approach, the profusion of realia in the
text and the separation of the text into Class Text and Workbook and the tapes.
If no, what are the main reasons for not using it?
APPROACH:
Has the approach worked well? yes no
Is it X easy to use? difficult?
How did the students respond? some resistance initially, then positively
Does the program develop students' proficiency? yes no
Did they learn skills? X yes no structures? X yes no
Did the authors fulfill the goals they established?x yes no
Comments: This book makes learning German as real and as natural as it is possible
to be outside of a German-speaking country.

structures, to discuss culture and geography

LENGTH:

# STRUCTURE:

Did the grammar presentation work well in class? X yes no
Are the structural notes in the text helpful? yes no
Is the reference grammar in the study text helpful? x yes no but few students developed the habit of using it
Are the exlanations clear? yes no
accurate? X yes no
thorough $\sqrt{}$ yes no
Did the students use the reference grammar?yesx no
SITUATIONS:
Did they work well in class?x yes no
Did students have difficulty learning how to use them? yesx _ no
Did they enjoy them? yes no
Are they interesting?xyes no Useful?xyes no
Are there enough? too many? too few?
How do you feel about the use of English in setting up the situations?especially effective at teaching
students to be creative with the German they know instead of just translating
Did the students try to translate? yes no only at first
Any suggestions for improving the situations?
STRATEGY-CULTURE;
Do these sections provide useful information? yes no
How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more German even though it would mean less information? yes x no

What was the student response to these sections?	They	enjoye	l the	cultura	l tidb	its and	the	
European insights.		-			×.			
	·							
ILLUSTRATIONS:								
Are the photos and realia useful in stimulating class	ss activi	ty?- <u>x</u>	_yes .	no no				
in developing reading skills? yes	©lardesk med delektron mens Lidens}∰	no						
Are they well selected? yes no								
Did you use the realia section at the end of the boo	ok?~	× yes _	D	0				
the picture dictionary? X yes	_ no							
Were these sections useful? yes n	0		¥					
GLOSSARY:								
Is this useful? X yes no well prese	ented?					-		
How did you feel about the presentation of nouns	by artic				phasis	it plac	ed on	
gender, but the students resented	l havi	ng to l	ook n	ore tha	n one ]	place to	find a	word.
WORKBOOK/TAPES:								
Is the workbook well integrated with the class tex	:t?、X	yes	no	)				
Are the listening exercises useful? yes	nono	)						
effective? yes no								
interesting? yes no								
Are the cassettes good learning tools? yes	>	_ no						
interesting? X yesno	3							
Are they X easy or difficult to use?			ħe .	*				
Did you use the extra aural realia?x yes	n(	)						

Are the speaking exercises useful? X yesno
effective? X yes no interesting? X yes no
Are the writing exercises useful? yes no
effective? X yes no interesting? yes X no
Are the reading exercises useful?x yes no
effective? X yes no interesting? X yes no
Are the structural exercises useful? X yes no
effective? X yes no interesting? X yes no
Are there X enough exercises? too few? too many?
Which types?
Do you like to have the dialog translations included?x yes no
Any suggestions for improvement of the workbook?The workbook would be easier to use if it
were paginated continuously. The students would like to be able to write the
structural exercises directly in the workbook (there is currently not enough space).  Of the tapes? After the Gespräche have been read through once at normal speed, a second
version with space for repeating would be useful. The suggested use of the pause
button to do this is extremely awkward, because it requires continual rewinding.
ANNOTATED INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION:
Did you use this?x yes no
Are the marginal annotations useful? yes no
easy or difficult to use?
Is the instructor's guide informative? yes no helpful? yes no
Did you use any of the additional chapter notes? yes x no
Any suggestions for improvement of the Instructor's Edition?

#### TEST BANK/TAPESCRIPT:

Did you ı	use this? <u>v x</u> yes no
Is the ma	terial useful? X yes no well presented? X yes no
Did you u	use the additional cassettes?  x yes no
Any sugg	estions for improvement in the test bank? I only used them sporadically and basically
made 1	up my own tests. The tests seemed to focus too much on very specific bits
of in	formation instead of testing for principles.
Please lis	t in order of importance the strengths of the book.
1.	the organization of the texts and tapes which making teaching a four-skills
4	course a real possibility
2.	the tapes themselves, with their variety of voices and accents—
	especially important for me in a one person department
3.	the realia
4.	the emphasis in the homework on meaningful activities instead of busy work
5.	the continual reminder that the Bundesrepublik is not the only German-
	speaking country

Wie, bitte? is so different that I encountered a great deal of resistance from students at first who preferred the comfort and familiarity of a traditional approach. I asked those same students, now in second year, for their suggestions for this questionnaire. They admitted without exception that they were glad to have used the book. One student, a French major, said that thanks to the tapes his listening comprehension in German was better than in French.

Please list in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.

	We had a problem all year long with defective binding. Although the texts
	•
	were replaced without cost, it was extremely annoying to have to replace
<b>***</b>	a book two or three times, especially late in the year.
	I would like to see more maps in the Class Text. The endpaper map is not
	really usuable.
	The students found the Bildwörterbuch somewhat annoying because it was
	not always easy to tell what object a number went with and sometimes the
	object indicated was ambiguous, leading to confusion.
	to the second of

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## **QUESTIONNAIRE**

William Fischer Copy #3 Justivana

## WIE, BITTE? Introductory German for Proficiency

Academic Calendar:	X semester	trimester	quarter	other	We have just cha	
Length of Course:	2_terms _5_	_ class hours per week			trimesters.	ЭШ
Approximate Annual	Enrollment: 20	<u>-40</u>				
How much of the text	do you complete	? I do not know ho	w much will	be covered du	ring two semesters. Duri	ing 2
What text did you use	before? Brig	ggs and Crean, Alles		overed half t	THE COOK.	
Do you plan to use it t	he next time you	teach the course?	X yes	no (I am	going to use Wie 5 bitt	<u>:e?</u> )
		g to you and your stude				
the realistic-situa	tions presented	in the reading exer	cises, whic	h are the Uil	ourpose. I really like	a germa
		•.			-	
APPROACH:						
Has the approach work	ked well? X	yesno	Žilli i Šei			
		as to how to us	se them.		cause some areas are cle	arer
the state of the s		tudents have respond				
Does the program dev Did they learn skills?	elop students' pro	no structures?	no	no		
		tablished? X yes				
Comments: I love yo	our approach to	teaching German in	realistic s	ituations and	this is the primary rea	ıson I

decided to give your text a try. I have been terribly frustrated with the grammar-first approach of texts I have used before and the limited fluency the students have achieved. The students like being able to use Germa in real-life situations from the first day, and I have noticed that they are indeed able to function more flue

ly with Wie, bitte? than with other texts I have used.

	Present length is appropriate.
- Communication of the Communi	Would prefer longer book. (How much?)
<b>*</b>	With these additions:
X	Would prefer shorter book. (How much? It's difficult to cover all the materal adequately, and I really can't say exactly how much or what to cut out.
	With these deletions:
FORM	AT:
Is the ch	napter organization useful? X yes no
	X easy or difficult to use?
	flexible? yes no
	pedagogically sound? yes no
Did it le	ad to a lively, interactive classroom? XX yes no
LOOK	NG AHEAD: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Are thes	se chapter introductions useful? X yes no
DIALO	GS:
Do they	prepare the students for the material in the chapters? X yes no
Ae they	useful models? X yes no
Are the	topics well selected? yesno
How did	I you use the dialogs in class? I used them as the basis for everything else I did. They are extremely
useful	when they are short enough to be 'memorized'. I prefer dialogs which don't get too complicated,



LENGTH:

and yours are the most usable ones I have found. The dialogs in your book provide realistic language. The students amaze me with their ability to use the language they have learned in the dialogs in a variety of creative ways, and even the weaker students are able to function. I use what the students have mastered in the dialogs to teach them the structure, as well. Your dialogs do recycle material previously learned!

#### STRUCTURE:

Did the grammar presentation work well in class? yes no	I would like more guidance as to how to present the grammar.
Are the structural notes in the text helpful? yes no	Fred the Samuel
Is the reference grammar in the study text helpful? X yes no	
Are the exlanations clear? X yes no	
accurate? X yes no	
thorough X yes no for what they need to know a	at that point.
Did the students use the reference grammar?yes _X _noMost _there	of them do not make use of this section, to are those who do. They would more likely it from mini-chapters which are scattered aghout the book, every few chapters, in
SITUATIONS: / throu	ghout the book, every few chapters, in the grammar covered was summed up.
Did they work well in class? X yes no	
Did students have difficulty learning how to use them?yesX _ no	
Did they enjoy them? X yes no	
Are they interesting? X yes no Useful? X yes no	
Are there enough? too many? X too few?	
How do you feel about the use of English in setting up the situations? no preset up the situation. The students are going to be thinking in Engli learn what they can say. Setting up the situations also keeps them f	sh at this point, anyway, and they need to
Did the students try to translate? X yes X no They tried to at f going on, they did never tried to tra	. and was a second and office official
Any suggestions for improving the situations?	
Just to be sure they all relate to what they have learned in the dia	logs (I think they do).
STRATEGY-CULTURE;	
Do these sections provide useful information? X yes no	
How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more Gen	man even though it would mean less

	as we use German in class. This is not a
weakness of the book, however.	
L'LUSTRATIONS:	
Are the photos and realia useful in stimulating class activity? yes	s no
in developing reading skills? X yes no	
Are they well selected? yes no	
Did you use the realia section at the end of the book? XX yes	no
the picture dictionary? X yes no	
Were these sections useful? yes no	
GLOSSARY:	
Is this useful? X yes no well presented? X yes  How did you feel about the presentation of nouns by article?	in thestudy text rather than in the
Tion did you tool about the presentation of hours by afficie?	
It was one way to do it, and I have neutral feelings about it, n	no strong feelings either for or against it.
SUGGESTIONS: I do not like the way the plurals of the nouns are  WORKBOOK/TAPES: ending in -e must add -n for the  to form the plural. The plurals in  would like each and every noun to	given here: the student must remember that no plural and those not ending in —e must add an for all other nouns are given with the noun. In the have its plural listed with it, so the studen has no doubt at all.
WORKBOOK/TAPES: ending in -e must add -n for the to form the plural. The plurals in would like each and every noun to list the workbook well integrated with the class text?  Yes	given here: the student must remember that no plural and those not ending in —e must add an for all other nouns are given with the noun. I o have its plural listed with it, so the studen has no doubt at all.
WORKBOOK/TAPES: ending in -e must add -n for the to form the plurals. The plurals would like each and every noun to set the workbook well integrated with the class text?  Are the listening exercises useful? X yes no	given here: the student must remember that no plural and those not ending in —e must add an for all other nouns are given with the noun. I o have its plural listed with it, so the studen no has no doubt at all.
WORKBOOK/TAPES: ending in -e must add -n for the to form the plurals. The plurals would like each and every noun to like the workbook well integrated with the class text?  Are the listening exercises useful? X yes	given here: the student must remember that no plural and those not ending in —e must add an for all other nouns are given with the noun. I o have its plural listed with it, so the studen no has no doubt at all.
WORKBOOK/TAPES: ending in -e must add -n for the to form the plurals. The plurals would like each and every noun to set the workbook well integrated with the class text?  Are the listening exercises useful? X yes no	given here: the student must remember that no plural and those not ending in —e must add ar for all other nouns are given with the noun. I o have its plural listed with it, so the studen no has no doubt at all.

Are the speaking exercises useful? yes no	
effective? X yes no interesting? X yes no	
Are the writing exercises useful? yes _X no	
effective? yes no interesting? yes no	
the great amount of mate	tudents too long to go throurial necessary to answer a
effective? yes no interesting? yes no	
Are the structural exercises useful? X yes no	
effective? X yes no interesting? X yes no	
Are there enough exercises? _XX too few? too many?	
Which types?all types	
Do you like to have the dialog translations included? X yes no	
Any suggestions for improvement of the workbook? The numbering system as it is now is should be numbered consecutively throughout the book. — There aren't nearly enoughould like to see more exercises which are coordinated with the dialogs, and not hat the chapter, but rather have them possibly scattered throughout the chapter. If the should be exercises building up to the kind you have at present, which sum up the most of the tapes?No	th structural exercises. I we all of them at the end of them at the end, there
*The numbering system was so impossible to use that I had to pass out tabs to the find the chapter glossaries and dialog translations at all.  ANNOTATED INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION:	
Did you use this? X yes no	
Are the marginal annotations useful? yes no	e mente de la Colonia de l La colonia de la colonia d
X easy or X difficult to use? Sometines difficult to use becauguidance. When specific examples	are given, the notes are
Is the instructor's guide informative? X yes no helpful? X yesr	guidance as to details in
Did you use any of the additional chapter notes? X yes no I used everything you had, but it wasn't enough.	planning a sample day's c week's lessons.
Appropriate Series and the series of Recorded this is such a party	amenanah Tarada amenanahan

Any suggestions for improvement of the Instructor's Edition? Because this is such a new approach, I would appreciate a more detailed teacher's manual for providing guidance. It would help to have some sample lesson plans to she exactly how to carry out your philosophy, not that it has to be stifling, but this would be extremely helpful. The notes in the margins and the chapter notes are very helpful but are not enough; they can serve to supplement a teacher's manual, which could be included in the instructor's guide. Also, there is not enough specialidance in the area.

### TEST BANK/TAPESCRIPT:

Did you use this? X yes no
Is the material useful? X yes no well presented? X yes no
Did you use the additional cassettes? X yes no
Any suggestions for improvement in the test bank?just_to have more — sometimes the oral_tests are confusing
mainly because I am not sure enough about what I am doing. A little more guidance would help. For the most part wary grateful for the test bank material, especially since this is such a new approach.
GENERAL:
Please list in order of importance the strengths of the book.
Realistic situations permeate the material of the entire book: the dialogs, the reading and writing materials. I have the feeling that students who learn this way will be able to function abroad. Their work in class shows this.
The dialogs are a starting place for everything else to follow and they give the students a solid bas on which to build. They help the students feel confident in that they have something definite they can say in a given situation. The dialogs in this book are not too long or complicated to be usable. I hope you do not change the dialogs except to reexamine them very closely to preserve this function.
It has been my experience that students remember the dialogs and cultural information above all.  The grammar is a support system for what the students are learning rather than the course's main objective. I like approaching the grammar in this way. The students are more fluent and are less worried about having everything perfect before opening their mouths, and yet, they do learn the grammar, too. This is where I think the dialogs are so important as a jumping—off point. The weaker students can always fall back on memorized material.
4. Of course, the various approaches through speaking, listening, reading, and writing are very important
You are very good in keeping all these areas together and treating all of them in a realistic way.  It is very helpful to have the test bank to help us see how to test, using your book.
The pictures, menus, train schedules, and other realia spread throughout the book and the  Drucksachen are invaluable materials. Not everybody can travel to the source to collect such material. The students always like to feel that they are in a real situation and these things are important in achieving this. Rather than just reading about things, the students experience situations first hand
Commence and the commence and an expension of the contraction of the c

Please list in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.

1.	-	Ineme :	are a	. iew	places	in the	e exercises	where	the	students	are	expected	to know	more tha	in they	do.×
*	_	4707 W				Company of the Compan										

- I would like to see more structural exercises in the workbook organized in such a way as to fit in with the approach you use. You have good exercises but there are not nearly enough. The exercises in the workbook serve to sum up the work done in the chapter, and students sometimes need more basic material leading up to these final exercises.
- 3. The numbering system in the workbook needs to be redone so that it is easier to locate the different sections.
- The students have mentioned that they have to flip back and forth between the main text and the workbook too much. This is not really a serious problem except for the vocabulary. It would be helpful to have the chapter glossaries in the textbook. at the end of the book with the other glossary.
- The way plurals are listed in the glossaries is too confusing. Rather than listing the plural form following each and every noun which has a plural, the book expects the student to remember that any noun ending in -e adds an -n, and any noun not ending in an -e should add an -e to form the plural. Each noun should be followed by the corresponding plural form the way it is in any dictionary

RN/bp 08-31-03

# QUESTIONNAIRE

## WIE, BITTE? Introductory German for Proficiency

Academic Calendar: semester trimester quarter other (4-1-4)  Length of Course: getterms getass hours per week formang ferm 89 and 9
Length of Course: governs gless hours per week Journal term 89 and 9
Approximate Annual Enrollment: 35
How much of the text do you complete?
What text did you use before?
Do you plan to use it the next time you teach the course? yes no
If yes, what features are most appealing to you and your students?
The Situationen after each section on Gespräche
are superf- and theris willing like it on the market. The
cassotte topes for the oesprache are excellently done. Inte
thous extrusively. The anartics
If no, what are the main reasons for not using it?  The best of any fermion text
is excellent.
The state of the s
APPROACH:
Has the approach worked well? yes no
Is it easy to use? difficult?
How did the students respond? extremely formally
Does the program develop students' proficiency? yes no
Did they learn skills?  yes no structures?  yes no
Did the authors fulfill the goals they established? no
comments: The course I trught fargeted oval proteculary
Students cane with some basic grammar. For that
comments: The course I trught fargited oral proficiency Students came with some basic grammar. For that type of course, there is no beth, book.

Did the grammar presentation work well in class? yes no
Are the structural notes in the text helpful?
Is the reference grammar in the study text helpful? yes no dilute use these
Are the exlanations clear? yes no
accurate? yes no
thorough yes no
Did the students use the reference grammar? yes no
SITUATIONS:
Did they work well in class? (yes no The best part of the book.
Did students have difficulty learning how to use them? yes no
Did they enjoy them? yes no
Are they interesting?
Are there too many? too few?
How do you feel about the use of English in setting up the situations? <u>Fine</u> . Hale shall
aware of differences between language. The speak
Did the students try to translate? yes no
Any suggestions for improving the situations? The act electrical suggestions for improving the situations?
STRATEGY-CULTURE;
Do these sections provide useful information? yes no
How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more German even though it would mean less information? yes no

Are the speaking exercises useful? yes no
effective? yes no interesting? yes no
Are the writing exercises useful? yes no
effective? yes no interesting? yes no
Are the reading exercises useful? yes no
effective? yes no interesting? yes no
Are the structural exercises useful? yes no
effective? yes no interesting? yes no
Are there enough exercises? too few? too many?
Which types?
Do you like to have the dialog translations included? no
Any suggestions for improvement of the workbook? <u>Justiness</u> much attractively <u>preperted</u> . I like When + Strothman "analyze" bet.
merented T like where Chathanas "and as" bet
Of the tapes?
Of the tapes?
ANNOTATED INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION:  Did you use this?
ANNOTATED INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION:  Did you use this?

TEST	RA	NK	/TA	PES	CRIPT	١,

	APESCRIPT:	
Did you use this?	yesno	I will probably wil
s the material us	eful? yes no well presented?	?yesno H If We
oid you use the a	dditional cassettes?yesno	I will protably and  yes no it if we adopt this book in the eff repuls
any suggestions	for improvement in the test bank?	seneste course
ENERAL:		
lease list in orde	er of importance the strengths of the book.	
	inationen	
	ilyens + taper.	
		1, <sup>10</sup> .
	isual appeal + is	Elistration, pichne
d	ictionnies (At)	
	istra taped conver	splis ust in
	Distignes. Suffects covered	
	Y	

116	മാല വ	st in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.
1.	-	file to see une too brought into the
<ul><li>2.</li></ul>	<b>W</b>	text. Inderty could get the feeling
		that study organia and structure
3.		is the dull shift (relegated to fine
		punt in a workbook). But thati
4.		my bias.
5.		Threk you for

RN/bp 08-31-03

# QUESTIONNAIRE

## WIE, BITTE? Introductory German for Proficiency

Academic Calendar: semester trimester quarter other
Length of Course: terms 3 class hours per week
Approximate Annual Enrollment: 50
How much of the text do you complete? 8 Chp +5
What text did you use before? <u>Deutsch</u> aktiv Neu
Do you plan to use it the next time you teach the course? yes no
If yes, what features are most appealing to you and your students?  (word of flatnent vocabulary
If no, what are the main reasons for not using it?
APPROACH:
Has the approach worked well?  yes no
Is it easy to use? difficult?
How did the students respond?
Does the program develop students' proficiency? yes no
Did they learn skills? yes no structures? yes no
Did the authors fulfill the goals they established? yes no
Comments:

Do these sections provide useful information? \_\_\_\_\_\_ yes \_\_\_\_\_ no

How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more German even though

How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more German even though it would mean less information? ves no muse a better mux of the two

<u>res</u>	2MSE
ŗ.Lustr	TIONS: I le ut possible to put exercises and the usefu
Are the pho	tos and realia useful in stimulating class activity? yes no When usery the pro
in	tos and realia useful in stimulating class activity? yes no
	Il selected? Vyes no beine fustrated because of that. Perhaps pertebush by
Did you use	the realia section at the end of the book? yes no beneficial.
the	picture dictionary?yes no
Were these	sections useful? yes no - again smetimes too many questions, too many variable when using this realia
GLOSSAR	Y:
	1? yes no well presented? yes no
	1? yes no well presented? yes no
How did yo	
How did yo	feel about the presentation of nouns by article? <u>liked</u> it
How did you WORKBO	of feel about the presentation of nouns by article? Liked it
WORKBO Is the work!	OK/TAPES:  cook well integrated with the class text? yes no
WORKBO Is the work! Are the liste	DK/TAPES:  cook well integrated with the class text? yes no  ning exercises useful? yes no
WORKBO Is the work! Are the liste	OK/TAPES:  Oook well integrated with the class text? yes no  ning exercises useful? yes no  extive? yes no
WORKBO Is the work! Are the liste eff int. Are the case int.	DK/TAPES:  cook well integrated with the class text? yes no  ning exercises useful? yes no  cetive? yes no  cresting? yes no

•

## TEST BANK/TAPESCRIPT:

Did you use this? no
Is the material useful? yes no well presented? yes no
Did you use the additional cassettes? $\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$ yes $\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$ no
Any suggestions for improvement in the test bank? Students were taken a back
by the tests. I'm not sure of that is my fault or the
by the tests. I'm not sure of that is my fault or the broks. I lens whe there was after maltered on the tests that really hadnit been taught GENERAL: or dwelled on in the fact or workbook. I feet Please list in order of importance the strengths of the book.
GENERAL: or dwelled on in the text or workbook. I feet
Please list in order of importance the strengths of the book.
1. Tapes - students like being able to understand
"real" gernan.
2. Vocabulary students can use this the number
they get off the plane"
3.
4.
5.

Please list in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.

- Very difficult to use Students complain .... about all the page flepping for reading and writing enercises. as I stated before, its seens that many of the questions in these wereists are way too involved and the students get bogged down. Should have transpareires for ord motivation he do when texts. Where is the software I was promised? 4. Students consistently complain about the "Guality of the achal brok. The bindings break lasily
- P. P. I would ble to talk to someone about my comments! I find that the end results from this book are good best the means to the end are more difficult than is needed. He very same comments about use of the text.

  Same comments about use of the text.

  Same through in the student walvations of my course

	WIE, BITTE? Introductory German for Proficiency Lischer #6.6
	1989-90 Full year = 2 semesters (F89+890)
	1989-90 Full year = 2 Serves tecs (F89+890) Academic Calendar: F semester quarter quarter other
	Length of Course: 3 terms 4 class hours per week blue 1 he. lab.
	Approximate Annual Enrollment: 20 in 1st year; scravisingly 18 in second year.  But only 5 people often 1st year. Allhange
	How much of the text do you complete?
,	What text did you use before? Deutsch Naturlich Programs 700 Cu.
	Do you plan to use it the next time you teach the course?
	If yes, what features are most appealing to you and your students?
; Indeuts	The Acting out of the situations. They prepare in small
C	zrups. Pulie is intense excitement. I wander around
Q	is well question like: " he soft man For me: The tests being smilable.
The	I rgic ( pellagrecial being worked but so clearly.  If no, what are the main reasons for not using it?
	I wearly did not use it. The visual impression of the Class Text was
unias p Install	ining, the chrawing not as good as it kontakte. My colleague uraid me to read the fort Edition's Introduction. I know immediately the book reflected my views on
s thing.	The hought which went into it = Staggering. But not known will have a colleague 45 mine. Negative, but not necessarily -> The quantity Available in the
Arbeitsh	eft = work Book. I felt/feel quilty not doing everything in The work book, but here stressed feem to be time, plus teach them how to say it, get mann APPROACH: De time, plus teach them how to say it, get mann
Sheakin	APPROACH: hem into communication.
710-2	Has the approach worked well? Ves no
	Is it V easy to use? V difficult? Both. The pressure of feely I have to use the work book more.  How did the students respond? These was the told the wanted to do something
	How did the students respond? There was some feeling that they wanted to do some they
	How did the students respond? There was some feeling that they wanted to do something besides preparing + acting but Situationen. This may be just my proflem, though Does the program develop students' proficiency? Wes no
	Did they learn skills? yes no structures? yes no 1883 so, but they can speak to communicate. In they serve they Did the authors fulfill the goals they established? yes no learned a 1st 1 structure, not
	Did the authors fulfill the goals they established? yes no larned a lot of Shauchure, not
	Comments: I would love to spend A wockend Chyrletely accurately.
	with the authors + A bunch of other interested teachers of wie, bitte! and
ę	exchange ideas, get some questions, doubts, en musiciones bounced around. This
a	protect is light years alread of others. I wire it contain less material, I
(V	huit. On I wish The authors would give me regular permission by telephone letter (newsletter) to use less of The workhook.

•.	
	I have my own method. I creation or 4
•	STRUCTURE: Structures of the fact they a
and the second second	Did the grammar presentation work well in class?
	Are the structural notes in the text helpful? Vyes no using relationships, feelings, hough event occurry always + chus lowers
	Is the reference grammar in the study text helpful? yes no in the class rithm
	Is the reference grammar in the study text helpful?   yes no in the class room.  Think the best students found it wreful. I  Are the extanations clear?   yes no did not vub their noves in it; too little tring
	accurate?
	thorough yes no
•	Did the students use the reference grammar? yes no
	SITUATIONS:
	Did they work well in class? yes no
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Did students have difficulty learning how to use them?   yes   no If They Know class will be pregating Them in teams, then pregating Them in teams, then Did they enjoy them?   yes   no I encourage presenting Them, they fend to do no applause of the each less outside preparation, I am a faid Though rigular tests keep them worky.  Are they interesting?   yes   no Useful?   yes   no   They Know class will be preparation, then in teams, then he applause of the preparation of the proparation of the proparat
:	Did they enjoy them? yes no I encourage presenting hem, They tend to do applause after each. less outside preparation, I am afraid
	J porauca (
	Are there enough? too few?
	How do you feel about the use of English in setting up the situations? No way around it.
-	- 1 in 1 = in 1 = the month lake
	Did the students try to translate? The proper one's kied to . I institled they not there's lake point from the beginning.
	Any suggestions for improving the situations? Start with me on one situations; later
	Du the page add another person to essentially the some (i thating the best students could be added to the original two. While they wait they could be drawn as a group with A situation led by the inistructor. Thus warned up, they join two other staple, repeat the situation adding tome guide. STRATEGY-CULTURE; Join two other staple, repeat the situation adding tome guide. STRATEGY-CULTURE; for sportaneous completion, clarification, Confusion, question; i.e. 45 expanders and spoilers.  Do these sections provide useful information? The section is not expanded to the sections provide useful information?
	wormed up, they join two other stepple, repeat the Situation addler forme guide, STRATEGY-CULTURE; Finnischung, so sportaneous completion, clarification, Confusion,
	Do these sections provide useful information? yes no
	How do you feel about the use of English? Would you prefer to see more German even though it would mean less information? yes no I would like A summary in German, pulsage To discours translating.

A	That was the student response to these sections? I didn't use Them in class as
	such since it would have presupposed on exercise in English.
ŗ	If the text we repeated in Jerman on a reparet page, then it can be worked in As guestions in german about the content. What the LUSTRATIONS: don't get, they can refer back to in the English.
A	re the photos and realia useful in stimulating class activity? yes no
	in developing reading skills?  yes no
A	re they well selected? yes no
D	id you use the realia section at the end of the book? yes no numy as directed in test
	the picture dictionary? yes no >less so, but smutenies as
V	Vere these sections useful? yes no "bie sicht Sie en aus ? usw. Only resorted to when the situations I created,
G	LOSSARY:  as real psychological moments call for Ammunition, i.e. Someone has given somewhat you all you are the given
Is	this useful? yes no well presented? yes no will significant the superior of
	ow did you feel about the presentation of nouns by article? I hak Theis is the way I
ed Comm	remember gender; i.e. by proceation, type, etc., ats well as
	in dividually-
V	ORKBOOK/TAPES:
Is	the workbook well integrated with the class text? yes no Partially, I found my self not getting to lift regularly.
A	te the fistening exercises useful? yes no
	effective? yes no Pechaps: I cont evaluate that.
	interesting? yes no I Also deemphorized the gramman exercises.
A	interesting? yes no I A/80 decuphorized the gramman exercises.  For some above they seemed beconday if not the cassettes good learning tools? ten important given the Situationen opporteur ten
	interesting?
A	re they easy or difficult to use? Both. I should have asked my students me
D	id you use the extra aural realia? yes no

,

	Are the speaking exercises useful? ves no I didn't get to them.
	effective? ves no interesting? ves no
	Are the writing exercises useful? Vyes no but I dichif use Them.
;	effective?
· ·	Are the reading exercises useful? yes no
	effective?
	Are the structural exercises useful? yes no
	effective? yes no interesting? yes no
	Are there enough exercises? too few? too many?
	Which types? More grammar / Skuetural exercites
	Do you like to have the dialog translations included? yes no
	Any suggestions for improvement of the workbook? I am troubled by my lack of use
	of the workbook. I think I am so used to 4 one-600k fext, that I pretty much concentrated on the class Text.
	Of the tapes?
	Thick Mayre good. How about Story telling; I Mik that's me medium the human, language learning mind craves: A story. It can be explained, talked about, commented on in class. Students ANNOTATED INSTRUCTOR'S EDITION: go back to it, listen to it. It can be tested.
4.	Did you use this?  yes no
	Are the marginal annotations useful? yes no
	easy or difficult to use?
	Is the instructor's guide informative? Vyes no helpful? Vyes no
A.	Did you use any of the additional chapter notes? yes no Brut I would if A newsletter Came to me very wide me to, plus I short techning from A user of wield the? with a tip and the suggestions for improvement of the Instructor's Edition? on how to apply them
	Any suggestions for improvement of the Instructor's Edition?
Congo Situa	Maybe The weifers could give more Adught to using the exity of classroom relationships as The source of constantly present real-life atronen. I'd be glad to comment fur ther: (707) 823-9527.

TEST	BANK	TAP	FCCD	TOT.
A CALL	ADE LENGE	/ U.P.S.E.		48 4 2

- Ø -	material useful?  yes no well presented? yes no bu use the additional cassettes? yes no
Any sı	aggestions for improvement in the test bank?
GENI	ERAL:
Please	list in order of importance the strengths of the book. The encourage wonderful Theory, grals etc, in the CT In Hodge Schraftonen - emphases of Communication Connec
	with getting it said, not necessarily gettig it right.
2.	Struktur I + II: good, Simple, clear, building t
3.	overlæpping grammatical presentations.  Horen ad "Fraluetie Your Listenig Comprehensin
4.	The testing; (Mough I found the critical Thunky
	was Afen 80 red more quickly by my students A
5.	was Afen 80 lved more guickly by my students M me!) The Availability of prepared tests + Onswers Mark God!
	Thuik student feedback is A must. ave you undertaken? Probably.

Please list in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.

1.	- Too much moterial, which overwhelmed me.
2.	Some of the complexity in Lesen in wook book
	and in the questions in the tests.
3.	Not knowing how to use me dialogues.
	<b>V</b>
4.	The lack of support + consultation with the authors and other teachers fusers of There texts.
	The authors and other teachers fusers of
Sa.	There texts.
5,	The lack of A Macinitosh usable
RN/bp	The lack of A Macinitosh usable set of computer exercites which can take a lot of the checking burden off me regardy various practs of the
00-31-0	take a lot of the checking of the
	off me regardes various paris of the

Sherwise, A marrelous brok(s), which I'm using again their semester as the 3rd second year summer. The guestraname is good because It's cally my attention, for cing me to nevaluate hom. I use the text. But wishes,

William Scocker Copy

# QUESTIONNAIRE



# WIE, BITTE? Introductory German for Proficiency

Academic Calendar: X semester trimester quarter other
Length of Course: 2 terms 5 class hours per week
Approximate Annual Enrollment: 240 per semester
How much of the text do you complete? in to Chapt, 24 - hat that was really pushing it
What text did you use before? Zielsprache Denterh (Feld (lan Mandroff)
Do you plan to use (it the next time you teach the course? yes _X no . I plan to use Wer, helpe
If yes, what features are most appealing to you and your students?
Mealia in The books, the tages (very challenging), The way The program
is based on real-life topics and intuitions
If no, what are the main reasons for not using it?
I find it extremely annoging That "Du" & Ihe" are not introduced with
the other pronounce . Throws off all verb . conjugations also. There are is few
too many charters (quizzes take up time a/te each chapt.) Perhaps inc
happen a bit longer, or elemente a few. I Think, also it tudent hould be risponsible for more vocate. words. I drew a rippiement APPROACH: 1 ocob list for each chapter.
Has the approach worked well?  yes no
Is it easy to use? difficult?
How did the students respond? It weich out The less deslicated
Does the program develop students' proficiency? yes no
Did they learn skills?  yes no structures?  yes no
Did the authors fulfill the goals they established? Y yes no
Comments: The first time ! that wit stress gramma enough . This
time I will. Chally prificunt students - OK, but They
had more trouble with structures, spelling even, Than They
Mould have. This was my fault, not The program's - ?
Mould have. This was my fault, not The program's -?

How did you use the dialogs in class? I read first had studints repeat for prinunciation as in group, broke into index. roles assegned as homework (along with dayer), come back next day to work for comprehension 4 to modify.

5
What was the student response to these sections?
F-LUSTRATIONS:
Are the photos and realia useful in stimulating class activity? no
in developing reading skills?
Are they well selected? Y yes no all The fine
Did you use the realia section at the end of the book? $\frac{1}{2}$ yes no use of Thirty in the exercises
the picture dictionary? X yes no use of Think in the exercises
Were these sections useful?
GLOSSARY:
Is this useful? Y yes no well presented?yes no
How did you feel about the presentation of nouns by article? Don't like it - call me
conservative.
WORKBOOK/TAPES:
Is the workbook well integrated with the class text? yes no
Are the listening exercises useful?
effective? $\lambda$ yes no
interesting? $\frac{\lambda}{2}$ yes no
Are the cassettes good learning tools? + yes no
interesting? + yes no Stage 2 15 (xfring) ex.
Are the cassettes good learning tools? $\frac{1}{2}$ yesnointeresting? $\frac{1}{2}$ yesno 15 (***********************************
Did you use the extra aural realia? yes x no - no time to work them up, yet.

σ .

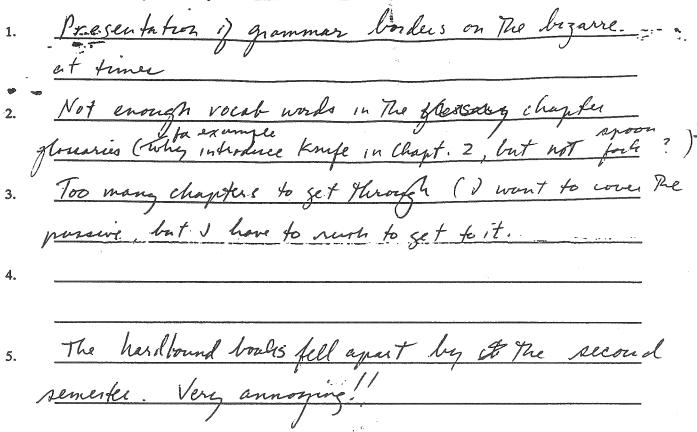
, **4** 

Are the speaking exercises useful?no
effective?  yes no interesting?  yes no
Are the writing exercises useful?yes no
effective?yes _X no interesting?yes _X no
Are the reading exercises useful? yes no
effective? $\chi$ yes no interesting? $\chi$ yes no
Are the structural exercises useful?  yes no
effective? $\frac{1}{2}$ yes no interesting? $\frac{1}{2}$ yes no
Are there enough exercises?  too few? too many?
Which types? all types. If There were more ex. I could more early
Which types? all types. If There were more ex. I could more early dentify profilems is to dents have u/ grammar, before you green green green. Do you like to have the dialog translations included? _x. yes no
Any suggestions for improvement of the workbook? <u>number The pages 1-X, not</u>
CE 1- X, CG 1-X, DS. etc. OR - Include take, like one would find in a dictionary. I spent the first per cod hoving Of the tapes Students put post it take on the sections. OTherwise
Of the tapes students put post it takes on the sections OThurise
The work boar is great.
corders, when students can compare They voices to That of The speaker.  It is Though - I mil have them use normal vecorders - not enough
Did you use this? yes _t no well, actually I det at for beginning
Are the marginal annotations useful? yes no
easy or $\rightarrow$ difficult to use?
Is the instructor's guide informative?
Did you use any of the additional chapter notes? yes no
Any suggestions for improvement of the Instructor's Edition? Release as rep. partication -
I went through The preliminary sinde very carefully before the
I went through The preliminary sinds very carefully before the furst year - very helpful. But now I use the botherst books.

	per te in the even in 7
	TEST BANK/TAPESCRIPT:  A first of the far for the far form for the far for
-	Did way you thin? X and a first for the few to he for
	Did you use this? yes no a
	Is the material useful? no well presented? yes no
,	Did you use the additional cassettes? yest_ no ; rut yet.
	Any suggestions for improvement in the test bank? No - ivery weeky done:
	What about The Computer program!!
	GENERAL:
	Please list in order of importance the strengths of the book.
	1. The material on the tapes
	2 used to
	2. The nealth of realia, Druchsachen have to
	2. The nealth of realia, Drucksachen I was to collect all of thus mapely and Then xuox - which did to always was out well
	3. The fremendous number and quality of The
	ex. in The work book - allows me to put a wand choose
	4. Charce of topics, situations
	5. I like The West-Coast perspective which occasionally
	hone Through I also - nice atknowly to refer to
	shows Through lalso-nice attempts to crefer to
	Conada;
	6. Clearly not written by some uptight, the come
ı	middle aged hit picky linguistic type, who revels
1	n boung chalogues, reading sections on Lither, gramma
fra	n boung chalogues, reading sections on Lither, gramma information drills, etc. 14eh- good Job, I'll give the
2 nd	edition a go.

db @950

Please list in order of importance any deficiencies in the book.



RN/bp & algain en chapter 2, "zum" 15 instribuced, 34" 15
in 1 hapt 1. They students want to know the difference. Perhaps
place words Bfudents should memorize in boldface - some Thing like
3 m

Zum Wohl
Und zum Trinken?

Olso, my students are not servibly bright. They faget every chapter That womens after which plurale are not listed mean they conform to 17 The 2 rules you list on CG. 1. Please just give The plural to each nown - If you want patterns, why These 2 - h y not Those for nowns ending in -tion, -in, etc. Just leads to comparion.