

# WT K20 In America? Scoring Guide

Name / 75

Term 1st

Score 3.0

		Part 3: Fischmarkt Writing in German (25% for this task; 25% for the reading section)	
		Part 1: cultural comparison (25%)	Part 2: Letter to new friend about serious academic/ occupational interest (25%)
<b>6</b>	Average of 2 well-formed sentences per item. Goes beyond generalities (gives example, etc.). Uses recent language not recycled from test.	content: all of 4, plus a major chunk of voluntary content (quantity, AND quality of language) language: Intermediate-High in the core language of the course and in special interest area, though past tense is not required; if past tense comes up, haben + participle are evident where the verb forms that way commonly (allow some distortion of irregular participles), or modal past and war / hatte) where those verbs are needed	content: all of 4, plus some expansion of content throughout, or major expansion of one topic; likely remembers the German version well enough to incorporate some of its specialized language (Fischbrötchen, pubs) language: see part 2, though past tense is unlikely to be needed
<b>5</b>	Nearer 6 than 4	Nearer 6 than 4; language must be clearly Intermediate-Mid	Nearer 6 than 4; language must be clearly Intermediate-Mid
<b>4</b>	Tries to do what 6 & 5 do accomplish, but language lags behind intent. ONE item may be sketchy or omitted.	content: Greeting & closing (allow 1 significant spelling distortion); tells AND asks one general thing and one thing specific to the shared interest, using TWO items of vocabulary not drawn from the core course language; requests assistance with combining the serious interest with learning language; makes one remark about continuing the correspondence or meeting personally language: Intermediate-Low (not just rich sample of NH - the sentence- and question-making vocabulary and structures must be evident.)	content: Writes at least one sentence for each of the 4 first parts of the letter (or equivalent if follows own outline), and adds a farewell that is more than Auf Wiedersehen and that has no significant spelling errors language: Intermediate-Low
<b>3</b>	Produces a lot of distorted language, or else small amount of good language.	Nearer 4 than 2; language must be clearly Novice-High	content: Writes at least one sentence for each of the 4 first parts of the letter (or equivalent if follows own outline), and adds a farewell that is more than Auf Wiedersehen, but with a distortion that can still be deciphered (*Ich gern treffen Sie schnell.); language must be clearly Novice-High
<b>2</b>	Uses mostly earlier language (with major mistakes). Content is vague and often off-task. May be "faking it".	content: Greeting OR closing is either missing or severely distorted; a few sentences which are of moderate quality or moderate length (or mix those characteristics and are thus clearly better than level 1) language: Novice-High in places	content: Several sentences, but several topics are not managed (either nothing there, or catastrophic distortion) language: Novice-High in places
<b>1</b>	Lacks both recent language and content.	A few short sentences with constant and severe distortion.	A few short sentences with constant and severe distortion.

0441-7

2,3

## Scoring Guide for Reading Test K20 (Fischmarkt) • Name \_\_\_\_\_ Score \_\_\_\_\_

Rule of thumb for 4/ complete: recognizes it's actually a flea market, with big crowds; knows when it's open and what people can do there; names several kinds of articles and people; no gross errors in understanding what is there to be understood with available resources (doesn't think "Bummel" are bums)

Calculation: Add up scores for Factors 1, 2 & 3, then divide total by 3; DO NOT add in the score for the global check column.

	<b>Factor 1: organizes info language</b>	<b>Factor 2: uses available language</b>	<b>Factor 3: infers meaning</b>	<b>global (just for checking)</b>
<b>6</b>	uses "misc" or equivalent area to add much extra info (history, Brötchen) – shows grasp of structure of text	immer wieder, ab,bummeln, verkaufen, einmalig, nicht mehr-noch, trifft	understands how it originated, what role the fish play now, and how unusual the things and people are	understands enough to make a visit to the Fischmarkt logically efficient and personally attractive
<b>5</b>	offers extra information	most of the above	most of the above	the travel group has good, specific reason to want to go
<b>4</b>	puts the information in the categories supplied, and has the required information	day, time, meaning of "Fischmarkt," Fischbrötchen, Bananen, verkaufen, von-bis,	understands it is a big flea market, with interesting things to buy and people to see	understands enough that the travel group would not be surprised at the actual Fischmarkt
<b>3</b>	evidently processed the entire text but doesn't group information efficiently; "fills" with non-informational language (= "BS")	comprehends many basic words, but miscomprehends or simply ignores some others	thinks it's a big fish market with other things nearby	the travel group would not be deceived factually, but would detect mistaken emphasis (would expect mostly fish, but would not be disappointed at the other stuff)
<b>2</b>	information is sparse and is scattered over the categories.	comprehends some basic words	confuses basic sense – may think that "Fish Market" is just the name of a city area that is now characterized by other things	The travel group would be surprised because of some major misinformation
<b>1</b>	attempts just a few words	comprehends a few basic words	May understand "Fischmarkt" but add no other content that is remotely correct.	The travel group would want to find someone else for the task next time – almost anyone else.

0441-2

# First-Year German Writing Test (K20)

## Part 1 (25%) Gibt es so etwas in Amerika? / Do you have things like that?

Your class has been exchanging emails with a group of teenage schoolkids who are getting ready for a group trip to the U.S. They already know about Disneyland, Starbuck's, our TV shows, and all the other eye-catching stuff. But parts of their emails, quoted below, suggest they aren't sure of some smaller parts of our culture and may have absorbed some distortions about it.

In German, reply to each question or statement with significant cultural information. "Significant" means: if we have something similar in America, describe it and maybe distinguish it from its German near-equivalent; if we don't have something similar, write about what we do have that serves a similar purpose, and maybe explain why we do it our way. English example, based on the phrase "im Zweiten Weltkrieg stark zerstört" (18.04.04): "Only in Hawaii are there signs with 'Heavily damaged in World War II.' But in Washington, D.C. there's a sign on the White House: 'Heavily damaged in the War of 1812.' Or at least that's what your guidebook will tell you."

NOTE: This is a language test, not a history or sociology test. If the kid asks you why the Golden Gate Bridge isn't gold, or how long or old it is, you don't have to come up with the absolute truth. Guess, or explain why you don't know, or get rid of him.

Gibt es Brötchen in Amerika? Ist das Frühstück immer inklusiv im Hotelpreis?  
 Im Amerika, haben wir mehr brötchen, Weiss, und rye. Wir brötchen essen mit alles tages.  
 Frühstück kannen inklusiv, ich liebe camping. Ich habe ~~nicht~~ nicht verstand das  
 Hotel accommodations.

Finden wir in Amerika Fußgängerzonen, wie überall in Deutschland?  
 Ich weiss ~~nicht~~. Ich kann ~~we~~ im park wandern. ~~Wie~~

Wie alt ist eine "Altstadt" in Amerika? Wo ist die älteste Stadt in Amerika, und wie alt ist sie? Die Altstadt is im nort est Amerika. New York ist 100 Jahre alt und mehr! Der Altstadt hat mehr Kirche und museums. Ich bin 23 Jahre alt. Das stadt ist alt.

Schmeckt amerikanisches Bier immer so furchtbar?  
 Ich liebe das bier "Fattire" im Portland. Das bier ist sehr gut und schmeckt fantastisch.

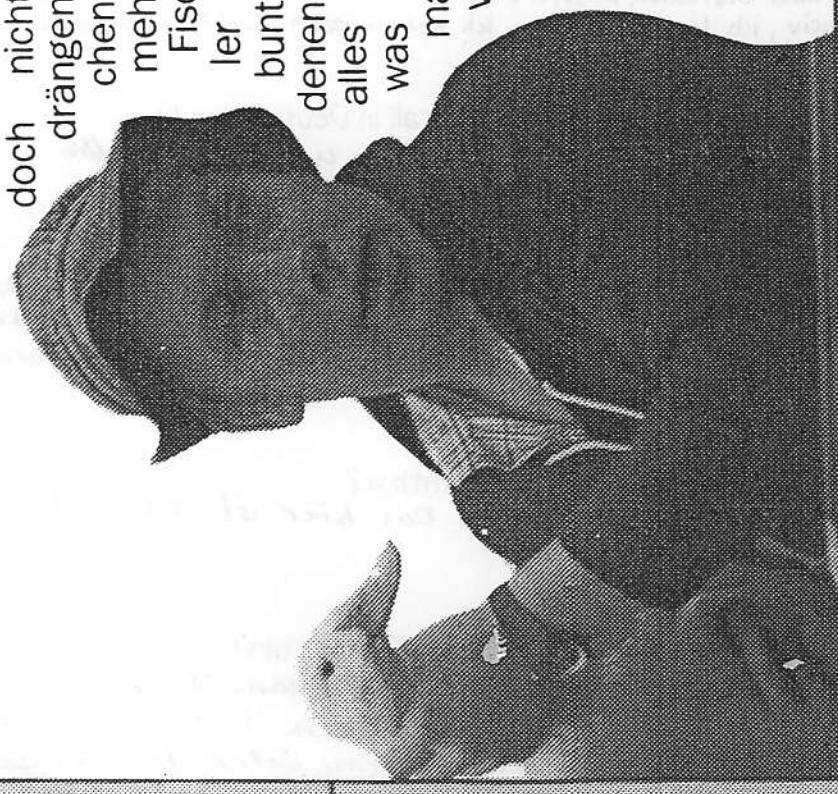
Der Rhein ist sehr groß und lang, und in Köln und Koblenz sind die Promenaden am Fluss kilometerlang. Im portland, das rhein ~~ist~~ Willamette Rhein ist nicht so lange oder Köln Rhein. Das Rhein hat 8 brücke. Ich versteigern das mississippi Rhein. my vater hat eine haus am der Rhein en a kinder mit nich groß familie.

In unsrer Altstadt gibt es eine gotische Kirche aus dem Jahr 1423, einen Marktplatz vor dem Rathaus, und eine römische Stadtmauer (jetzt eine Ruine). Im portland, das stadt ist nicht alt. Du gehst aus New York für eine alt Kirche. im Wisconsin, der Kirche ist sehr interessant und ~~so~~ meine mutter hat bild.

4

## Fischmarkt

Immer wieder sonntags, so ab sechs Uhr morgens. Eigentlich eine unmögliche Zeit für Trödel und Fischbrötchen – oder vielleicht doch nicht!? Jedenfalls drängen sich an manchen Sonntagen mehr als 100 000 Fischmarktbummel zwischen den bunten Ständen, an denen so ziemlich alles verkauft wird, was sich zu Geld machen lässt: vom lebenden Hammel bis zum original Orient-Teppich (noch mit echtem Wüsten-



sand!), von Elvis-Platten bis zu Opas Gehrock. Der Fischmarkt ist einmalig auf der Welt.

Seine Tradition reicht bis in das Jahr 1703, als eine »Magistratusverordnung« es den Fischern erlaubte, auch sonntags frischen Fisch zu verkaufen, damit die Ware nicht verderbe. Heute dreht es sich nicht mehr hauptsächlich um Fisch – der wird zwar auch noch verkauft und sogar frisch vom Kutter –, heute geht es mehr um den Spaß. Auf dem Fischmarkt trifft man die verrücktesten Typen: Marktschreier und Hamburger Originale, Nachtbummler und Tagträumer.

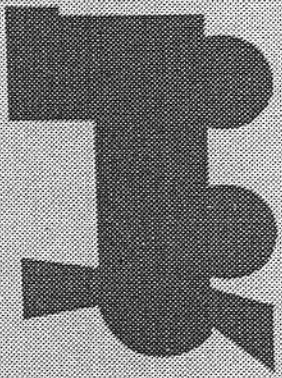
Und wenn um zehn Uhr die letzten Bananen unters Volk geworfen sind, dann füllen sich die umliegenden Kneipen ...

→ zwischen  
Fischmarkt

■ Landungsbrücken  
St.-Pauli-  
brücke

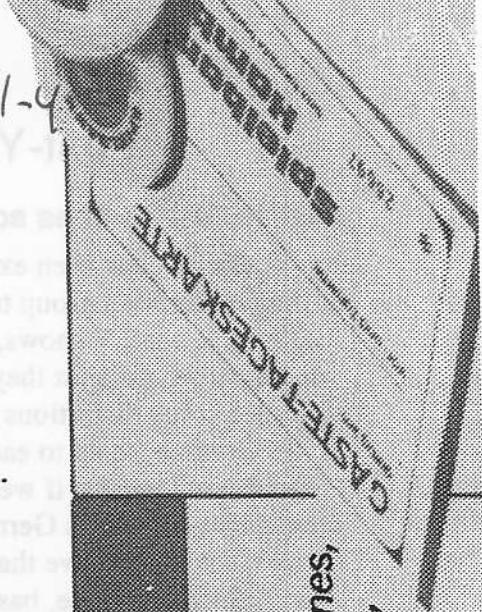
Gemein-  
schaftsfeld

## Hauptbahnhof



## Kleines Spiel

Mini-Roulette, Slot-Machines,  
Steindamm 1, Hamburg 1,  
Nähe Hauptbahnhof



**Part 2 (25%)**

Your second project this quarter gave you the opportunity to investigate how German can relate to your serious academic and occupational interests. You found places where you could pursue that interest with courses or other learning experiences, and you looked for people who shared your interests. Here you will write a letter to such a person, and you hope it will lead both to a personal acquaintance and some help about following up your academic or occupational interest, but in a German-speaking environment.

Your letter must to the following: 1) tell about yourself, and especially with regard to your academic or occupational interests; 2) pay serious attention to the other person, as a human being and as someone who shares your academic or occupational interests; 3) appeal to the other person as someone who can help you pursue your academic or occupational interests in a German-speaking environment.

If you have brought your project materials to this exam, you are welcome to use them as you write your letter. If you did not do the project, you can still do this part of the exam, and can even do it pretty well if you have learned the basic course materials along the way.

Adjust the phrase below to fit the identity of your contact person, and then continue your letter on the rest of this page.

Liebe(r) neue(r) Freund(in)!

Lieber neuer Freundin Leah,

My Meine name ist Andrea Brandtner und studiere ich Grafik Design aus PSU im Portland Oregon. Ich bin Wisconsin geboren und reisen aus Portland im 2003. Ich hat ~~st~~ Grafik Design studiert für ein Jahre und finden das Programmierung sehr interessant! Ich glaube an Grafik Design fage und also mit derselben Leidenschaft. Ich beruhle ich Textilien. Ich wollte Deutschland studierte Grafik Design und mittelständische unternehmen arbeite. Was machen sie? Print medien, typografie, illustrieren? Grafik Design hat mehr Betreib für alles Kunst personens. Ich finden du netzwerke auf personens auf dem internet und wollen Reisen zu Berlin. Wie lange sie Berlin arbeite? Ich lebe der tagespresse im am der internet und kommunikation design ist Seltin thema in der tagespresse. Ich liebe Franz Hickmann und kann arbeite. Ich bin sehr anfgeweck + und Lebenslustig! (und meine lieblings farbe Blau, hehe). Was farbe lieblie sie?

Ich möchte Grafik Design arbeite im Berlin. Dass jeder Tag neue möglichkeiten bringt und Ich wollen sie ~~helfe~~ helfe. Kann ich und projekt absolvieren in ein tag und kannen arbeite. ~~Me~~ My email adresse ist dreafb@gmail.com . Auf Wiedersehen und guten tag.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**German 103 Reading/Writing Test K20**

**Part 3 (50%)** The last part of the test consists of reading in German and writing in both English and German. First you will read a document in German; it is on the back of the FIRST page of your exam, so you can use it conveniently. On the rest of this page you will express, in ENGLISH, your comprehension of the document. You will then turn in the document, your ENGLISH writing, and the earlier parts of your writing test. Then (and only then) you will receive a translation of the document, so that you will understand it fully. That translation will be the basis of the final section of your writing test, which you will write in German.

The language presented in the first-year course provides enough knowledge for someone to get enough of the meaning of the document "Fischmarkt" to carry out, in ENGLISH, the following task:

*You are with a group of Americans visiting Hamburg, perhaps on a business convention trip or school musical group tour. Because you know German, you have been asked to organize a group leisure activity. You think the "Fischmarkt" might be a good to visit, and are preparing a handout that you will give to the group to promote the activity. What you write below will be the draft text for the handout. Respond in ENGLISH to the items; use ONLY information that can be found in the document or reasonably be concluded from it.*

Quick description of the activity (maybe 10-15 words)

Go to the fishmarket and see over 100,000 fish.

Basic information: day - time - specific place

Sunday 10 a.m. St. Pauli Landungsbrücken  
Jedenfalls

List of the many things visitors can see and do

- buy fish
  - see many varieties of fish
  - watch fishermen
  - see original orient fish
- The "coolest" thing(s) about the "Fischmarkt"
- the wide variety of fish

What happened there in 1703?

tradition to cut & clean fish to sell?

Miscellaneous information that you think your group will find useful or interesting

The different types of fish from all over Germany & the world.

NOW HAND IN ALL OF THE TEST YOU HAVE DONE UP TO NOW. YOU WILL THEN GET THE LAST PAGE.

On the back of this page is a translation of the document "Fischmarkt." Use it as a source of information for the activity outlined here.

*You are making arrangements for a group of American travelers to visit the "Fischmarkt." To make things go smoothly, you are getting in touch with the visitor-relations manager of the "Fischmarkt." Unfortunately, you have been unable to get in touch in person or by phone. In GERMAN, write a message that will prepare that person for your group's visit and will ensure that a good time is had by all. Follow the guidelines below.*

[Identify yourself and tell why you are writing.]

[Explain why you are writing rather than speaking]

[Tell when and how long you want to visit the Fischmarkt]

[Tell the main things you want to see and do]

[Ask some relevant questions about weather, money, facilities, etc.]

[Inquire about a special activity that will make the visit to the Fischmarkt even more memorable]

[Write something nice by way of closing –more than just "Danke"]

Guten Tag.

Meine name ist Andrea ~~and~~ und ich wolle du der Fischmarkt sehe und gehe. Ich möchte du zu Fischmarkt gehe der Fisch und essen und sehe der personens auf Deutschland. Das activity ist sehr interessant and ist alles tag. Ich glaube der fischmarkt für dritten Uhr am Sonntag. Ich mag fisch und möchte der fischmann sehen. Ich also essen der fisch als der market. Ist das weiter am Sonntag gut? Sonnig or Regen? Und bringe kein Geld für die kinder. Wir essen fisch alles tag. Ich kann der fischmarkt gehen für der sommer oder nicht das winter. Wir wandern durch die park mit der kindern und sprechen der tagen auf (fun?!?). Danke für die wunderbar tag und auf wiedersehen!

# Fish Market

Every Sunday, from around 6 o'clock in the morning. That's actually an impossible time for junk and fish sandwiches – or maybe not? Whatever the case, on many Sundays more than 100,000 people stroll through Fish Market among the colorful booths where just about anything is sold that can be turned into money: from a live goat to an original Oriental rug (with genuine desert sand on it still), from Elvis LPs to grandpa's dress-up coat. The Fish Market is unique in the whole world.

Its tradition extends back to the year 1703, when the fishermen were allowed, by "Order of the Magistrate," to sell fresh fish also on Sundays, so that the commodity would not spoil. Today the main thing isn't fish anymore, although it is certainly still sold fresh from the boat. But today the main thing is fun. At the Fish Market you meet the craziest sorts of folks: peddlers, genuine Hamburg eccentrics, Night People and day-dreamers.

And at 10am, when the last bananas are thrown out among whoever's still there, the surrounding pubs fill up...