



Easy Learning German Dictionary

fliegen → Föhn

[1] bow tie ◊ *Er trug eine Fliege.* He was wearing a bow tie.

[2] **fliegen** VERB (IMPERFECT **flog**, PERFECT **ist geflogen**)

to fly

[1] **fliehen** VERB (IMPERFECT **floh**, PERFECT **ist geflohen**)

to flee

die **Fliese** NOUN

tile

das **Fließband** NOUN (PL die **Fließbänder**)

assembly line

[1] **fließen** VERB (IMPERFECT **floss**, PERFECT **ist geflossen**)

to flow

[1] **fließend** ADJECTIVE, ADVERB

running ◊ *fließendes Wasser* running water

[2] **fluent** ◊ *Sie spricht fließend Englisch.* She is fluent in English.

[1] **flink** ADJECTIVE

nimble

die **Flitterwochen** FEM PL NOUN

honeymoon

[1] **flitzen** VERB (PERFECT **ist geflitzt**)

to dash

die **Flocke** NOUN

flake ◊ *eine Schneeflocke* a snowflake

[1] **flog** VERB **see fliegen**

der **Floh** NOUN (PL die **Flöhe**)

flea

der **Flohmarkt** NOUN (PL die **Flohmärkte**)

flea market

die **Floskel** NOUN

set phrase

[1] **floss** VERB **see fließen**

die **Flosse** NOUN

[1] fin ◊ *die Flosse eines Hais* a shark's fin

[2] **flipper** ◊ *Er hat seine Flossen mit ins Schwimmbad genommen.* He took his flippers with him to the swimming baths.

die **Flöte** NOUN

[1] flute ◊ *Cordula spielt Flöte.* Cordula plays the flute.

[2] **recorder** ◊ *Phil spielt Flöte.* Phil plays the recorder.

[1] **fluchen** VERB

to curse

[1] **flüchtig** ADJECTIVE

at large ◊ *Der Einbrecher ist noch flüchtig.* The burglar's still at large.

→ **jemanden nur flüchtig kennen** to know somebody only superficially

der **Flüchtling** NOUN (PL die **Flüchtlinge**)

refugee

der **Flug** NOUN (PL die **Flüge**)

flight ◊ *Der Flug nach Atlanta ist verspätet.* The flight to Atlanta's been delayed.

das **Flugblatt** NOUN (PL die **Flugblätter**)

leaflet

der **Flügel** NOUN (PL die **Flügel**)

wing

[1] **wing** ◊ *die Flügel des Adlers* the eagle's wings

[2] **grand piano**

der **Fluggast** NOUN (PL die **Fluggäste**)

airline passenger

die **Fluggesellschaft** NOUN

airline

der **Flughafen** NOUN (PL die **Flughäfen**)

airport

der **Fluglotse** NOUN (GEN des **Fluglotsen**, PL die **Fluglotsen**)

air traffic controller

der **Flugplan** NOUN (PL die **Flugpläne**)

flight schedule

der **Flugplatz** NOUN (GEN des **Flugplatzes**, PL die **Flugplätze**)

airport ◊ *Wir bringen dich zum Flugplatz.* We'll take you to the airport.

[2] **airfield** ◊ *Dieser Flugplatz ist nur für Privatflugzeuge.* This airfield is only for private planes.

der **Flugschein** NOUN (PL die **Flugscheine**)

plane ticket

das **Flugticket** NOUN (PL die **Flugtickets**)

plane ticket

das **Flugzeug** NOUN (PL die **Flugzeuge**)

airplane

die **Flugzeugenführung** NOUN

hijacking

das **Fluor** NOUN

fluorine

der **Flur** NOUN (PL die **Flure**)

corridor

Be careful! Flur does not mean floor.

der **Fluss** NOUN (GEN des **Flusses**, PL die **Flüsse**)

river

das **Flüsschen** NOUN (PL die **Flüsschen**)

little river

[1] **flüssig** ADJECTIVE

liquid

die **Flüssigkeit** NOUN

liquid

das **Flussufer** NOUN (PL die **Flussufer**)

river bank ◊ *am Flussufer* on the river bank

[1] **flüstern** VERB

to whisper

die **Flut** NOUN (PL die **Fluten**)

[1] flood ◊ *Wir haben eine Flut von Briefen bekommen.* We received a flood of letters.

[2] high tide ◊ *Das Schiff läuft bei Flut aus.* The ship sails at high tide.

das **Flutlicht** NOUN (PL die **Flutlichter**)

floodlight

der **Föhn** NOUN (PL die **Föhne**)

[1] foehn wind ◊ *Heute ist Föhn.* There's a foehn wind blowing today.

→ *The foehn wind is a dry, warm wind usually found to the north of the Alps.*

[2] hair dryer

föhnen VERB
to blow-dry

die **Folge** NOUN

[1] result ◊ *Er starb an den Folgen des Unfalls.* He died as a result of the accident.

♦ **etwas zur Folge haben** to result in something ◊ *Deine Faulheit wird schlechte Noten zur Folge haben.* Your laziness will result in bad marks.

♦ **Folgen haben** to have consequences ◊ *Das wird schlimme Folgen haben.* That'll have serious consequences.

[2] episode ◊ *Hast du die letzte Folge der "Lindenstraße" gesehen?* Did you see the latest episode of "Lindenstraße"?

♦ **ein Roman in Folgen** a serialized novel
folgen VERB (PERFECT **ist gefolgt**)
to follow ◊ *Uns ist ein grünes Auto gefolgt.* We were followed by a green car. ◊ *Folgen Sie dem Wagen da.* Follow that car.

♦ **Ich konnte ihm nicht folgen.** I couldn't follow what he was saying.

♦ **Meine Kinder folgen nicht immer.** My children don't always do what they're told.

folgend ADJECTIVE
following

die **Folgerung** NOUN

conclusion

folglich ADVERB

consequently

folgsam ADJECTIVE

obedient

die **Folie** NOUN

foil

foltern VERB

to torture

der **Fön** (R) NOUN (PL die **Föhne**)

hair dryer

flog [flo:k] *past of fliegen.*
floh [flo:] *past of fliehen.*
Floh zo. [~] m (-[e]sl/-e) flea; 'markt m flea market.
Flor [flo:r] m (-sl/-e) on fabric: pile, nap.
Floriert [flo:'ri:t] n (-[e]sl/-e) foil.
florieren [flo:'ri:rən] v/i. (no ge-, h) flourish, prosper.
Floskel ['flo:skəl] f (-l-n) empty or clichéd phrase.
floß [flɔ:s] *past of fließen.*
Floß [flɔ:s] n (-es/-e) raft, float.
Flosse ['flɔ:sə] f (-l-n) fin; flipper; swimfin.
flößen [flɔ:'zən] v/t. (ge-, h) raft; 'zer m (-sl-) rafter, raftsmen.
Flöte [flø:'tə] f (-l-n) flute; recorder; 'zen v/t. and v/i. (ge-, h) play the flute or recorder; bird: warble; F whistle; 'zengehen F v/i. (irr. gehen, sep., -ge-, sein) go to pot, go down the drain.
flott adj. [flɔ:t] brisk; lively, peppy; clothes: smart; car: a racy; ♣ afloat.
Flotte [flɔ:'tə] f (-l-n) ♣ fleet; ✕ navy; 'anstützpunkt ✕ m naval base.
'flottmachen v/t. (sep., -ge-, h) ♣ get (ship) afloat; fig. get (car, etc.) going again.
Flöz geol., ⚔ [flɔ:'ts] n (-es/-e) seam.
Fluch [flʊx] m (-[e]sl/-e) curse; swear-word; 'zen v/t. (ge-, h) swear, curse.
Flucht [flʊxt] f (-l-en) flight (vor dat. from); escape, getaway (aus from); auf der ~ on the run; die ~ ergreifen take (to) flight; in die ~ schlagen put s.o. to flight; 'zartig adv. [-?] hastily.
flüchten ['flʏçtən] (ge-) v/i. (sein) and v/refl. (h) flee (nach, zu) to, run away; escape, get away.
'Flüchtling m s.o. who smuggles refugees out of a country, escape agent; 'hilfe f (-lno pl.); -m - lösten help or smuggle s.o. out of a country.
flüchtig adj. ['flʏçtɪç] fugitive (a. fig.), on the run, at large; fig. superficial, work, etc.: careless; ⚔ volatile; 'er Blick glance; 'er Eindruck glimpse; 'Zettel-fehler m slip (of the pen).
Flüchtling ['flʏçtlɪŋ] m (-sl/-e) fugitive; pol. refugee; 'slager n refugee camp.
Flug [flʊk] m (-[e]sl/-e) flight; im -(6) fig. rapidly, quickly; 'abwehrakete [-?] f anti-aircraft missile; 'bahn f trajectory (of rocket, etc.); ✕ flight path; 'ball m tennis, etc.: volley; 'begleiter ✕ m flight attendant; 'blatt n handbill, leaflet; 'boot ✕ n flying boat, seaplane; 'dienst ✕ m air service.
Flügel [fly:ɡəl] m (-sl-) wing; of propeller, etc.: a. blade; sail (of windmill, etc.);

♫ grand piano; 'mutter ♣ f wing nut; 'schlag m flap(ping) of wings; 'schraube ♣ f thumb screw; 'stürmer m sports: wing forward; 'tür arch. f folding door.
Fluggast m (air) passenger.
flügge adj. ['flʏgə] full(y)-fledged.
'Fluggesellschaft f airline (company); 'hafen m airport; 'hafengebäude n terminal; 'körper ✕ m flying object; ✕ missile; 'linie f ✕ air route; airline; 'lotse m air-traffic controller; 'plan ✕ m flight plan; (flight) schedule; 'platz m airfield; airport.
fluga adv. [flʊks] quickly; at once.
'Flugschein m flight ticket; 'schreiber m flight recorder; 'schrift f pamphlet; 'sicherung f air-traffic control; 'steig ✕ m gate; 'verkehr m air traffic; air service; 'zelt f flying time.
'Flugzeug n (-[e]sl/-e) aircraft, (air-)plane, esp. Brit. aeroplane; mit dem ~ by air or plane; 'absturz [-?] m air or plane crash; 'entführung [-?] f hijacking, skyjacking; 'halle f hangar; 'katastrophe f air disaster; 'träger m aircraft carrier.
Flunder zo. ['flʊndər] f (-l-n) flounder.
flunkern F ['flʊŋkərən] v/i. (ge-, h) fib; brag.
Flunsch F [flʊŋʃ] m (-es/-e): e-n ~ ziehen make a face.
Fluor ⚔ ['flu:ər] n (-slno pl.) element: fluorine; agent: fluoride; 'kohlenwasserstoffe pl. CFC's, chloro-fluorocarbons.
Flur [flu:r] 1. m (-[e]sl/-e) hall(way); corridor; 2. lit. f (-l-en) field, plain; 'garderobe f coat rack; coat or hall closet.
Fluß [flʊs] m (Flusses/Flüsse) river; stream; flow (a. fig.); im ~ fig. in a state of flux; 'abwärts adv. [-?] downstream; 'aufwärts adv. [-?] upstream; 'belt n river bed; 'dampfer m steamboat, riverboat.
flüssig adj. ['flʏsɪç] liquid; melted (butter, etc.); style, etc.: fluent; money: available; 'skett f (-l-en) liquid; liquidity; fluency.
'Flußlauf m course of a river; 'pferd zo. n hippo(potamus); 'schiffahrt f river navigation or traffic; 'ufer [-?] n riverbank, riverside.
flüstern ['flʏstərən] v/t. and v/t. (ge-, h) whisper.
Flut [flu:t] f (-l-en) flood (a. fig.); high tide; es ist ~ the tide is in; 'zen (ge-) v/t. (sein) and v/t. (h) flood; 'licht ✕ n floodlight; 'welle f tidal wave.
focht [foxt] *past of fechten.*

Fock ♣ [fɔ:k] f (-l-en) foresail.
Fohlen zo. ['fɔ:lən] n (-sl-) foal; colt; filly.
Föhn meteor. [fø:n] m (-[e]sl/-e) foehn, warm dry wind.
Folge ['fɔlgə] f (-l-n) result, consequence; effect; succession (of events, etc.); (alphabetical, etc.) order; series (a. TV, etc.); sequel, episode; after-effect(s), aftermath.
'folgen v/i. (ge-) 1. (sein) (dat.) follow; obey (order, etc.); hieraus folgt, daß from this it follows that; wie folgt as follows; 2. (h) child, dog, etc.: obey; 'd adj. following, subsequent; 'dermaßen adv. [-dər'ma:sən] as follows; 'schwer adj. of grave consequence, grave.
'folgerichtig adj. logical; consistent.
folgerin ['fɔlgərɪn] v/t. (ge-, h) conclude (aus from); 'zung f (-l-en) conclusion (ziehen draw).
'Folgezeit f: in der ~ afterwards; in future.
folglich cj. ['fɔlkɪç] consequently, thus, therefore; 'sam adj. obedient.
Folle ['fɔ:lə] f (-l-n) foil; for projection, etc.: transparency; s. Plastikfolie.
Folter ['fɔltər] f (-l-n) torture; auf die ~ spannen tantalize; 'bank f (-l-e) rack; 'en v/t. (ge-, h) torture; fig. a. torment.
Föhn-TM [fø:n] m (-[e]sl/-e) (hand) hair-dryer.
Fond [fɔ:nd] m (-sl-s) back (of the car); stock (for sauce, etc.).
Fonds econ. [-] m (-l-) fund(s).
fönen ['fø:nən] v/t. (ge-, h) blow-dry (hair).
Fontäne [fɔn:'tɛ:nə] f (-l-n) jet, spout; gush (of blood).
loppen F ['fɔpən] v/t. (ge-, h) tease; fool.
forcieren [fɔr:'sɪ:rən] v/t. (no ge-, h) force (pace, etc.), push s.th.; speed up s.th.
Förderband ['fɔrdər-] n (-[e]sl/-er) conveyor belt; 'er m (-sl-) supporter; sponsor, patron; 'korb ⚔ m cage; 'lich adj. (dat.) beneficial (to), useful (to).
fördern ['fɔrdərən] v/t. (ge-, h) demand, require, call for; claim (a. ⚔, victims, etc.); econ. ask, charge.
fördern ['fɔrdərən] v/t. (ge-, h) promote; support (a. univ.), sponsor; improve, stimulate; school: tutor, provide remedial classes for; ⚔ mine.
'Forderung f (-l-en) demand; claim (a. ⚔); econ. charge; debt (claim).
'Förderung f (-lno pl.) promotion, advancement; support, sponsorship; univ., etc. grant; school: tutoring, remedial classes; ⚔ miming; output.

Forelle zo. [fo:'relə] f (-l-n) trout.
Fork ['fɔ:kə] f (-l-n) (pitch)fork.
Form [fɔrm] f (-l-en) form, shape; sports, etc.: a. condition; ♣ mo(u)ld; 'al adj. [-ma:l] formal; 'alität [-a:lɪ'tɛ:t] f (-l-en) formality; 'at [-ma:tɪ] n (-[e]sl/-e) size; esp. book, etc.: format, fig. calib(er), Brit. -re; 'al [-a:l] f (-l-n) formula; 'ell adj. [-mæ:l] formal; 'en v/t. (ge-, h) shape, form; mo(u)ld (clay, character, etc.); 'entlehre gr. f morphology; 'ehler m flaw (a. ⚔, ⚔); faux pas; 'ieren [-mɪ:rən] v/t. and v/refl. (no ge-, h) form (up).
...förmig [-fɔrmɪç] in compounds: ...-shaped, in the form of ...
förmlich ['fɔrmliç] 1. adj. formal; fig. regular; 2. adv. formally; fig. literally, practically.
'formlos adj. shapeless; fig. informal; 'schön adj. well-designed.
Formular [fɔrmu:'lɔ:r] n (-sl/-e) (printed) form, blank.
formulieren v/t. (no ge-, h) word, phrase; formulate (rule, etc.); express; wie soll ich es ~? how shall I put it; 'zung f (-l-en) wording, phrasing; formulation; expression, phrase.
'formvollendet adj. perfect(ly shaped).
forsch adj. [fɔrʃ] brisk, straightforward; brash, self-confident.
forschen ['fɔrʃən] v/i. (ge-, h) research, do research work; ~ nach search for; 'zer m (-sl-) explorer; (research) scientist; 'zung f (-l-en) research (work); 'zungsanstalt [-st-] f, 'zungszentrum n research center, Brit. -re.
Forst [fɔrst] m (-[e]sl/-e[n]) forest.
Förster ['fɔrstər] m (-sl-) forester, forest ranger.
'Forstwirtschaft f forestry.
Fort ⚔ [fɔrt] n (-sl-s) fort.
fort adv. [fɔrt] off, away; gone; missing; ich muß ~ I must be off or going; in e-m ~ on and on; und so ~ and so forth; for compounds s.a. weg.
'Fortbestand m (-[e]slno pl.) (continued) existence; survival; 'bestehen v/i. (irr. stehen, sep., no ge-, h) continue; 'bewegen v/refl. (sep., no ge-, h) move; 'bewegung f (-lno pl.) moving; (loco)motion; 'bilden v/refl. (sep., -ge-, h) improve one's knowledge or skill; continue one's education or training; 'bildung f (-lno pl.) further education or training; in-service training; 'dauer f continuance; 'fahren v/t. (irr. fahren, sep., -ge-) 1. (sein) leave, go away; mot. a. drive off; 2. (h, sein) continue, go or keep on (et. zu tun doing s.th.); 'fall m (-[e]slno pl.) s. Wegfall; 'führen v/t. (sep., -ge-, h)

f) Illustrative phrases in boldface italics are generally given within the respective categories of the dictionary article.
 In the dictionary, words which are typically American are marked *Am.* and those which are predominantly used in British English are marked *Br.*

Grammar
 Knowing what to do with the grammatical information available in the dictionary will enable the user to get the most out of this dictionary. If, for instance, an entry (a verb, adjective or noun) is governed by certain prepositions, these are given in boldface italics and in brackets together with their English or German translations and placed next to the appropriate translation. If the German or English preposition is the same for all or several translations, it is given only once before or after the first translation and then also applies to the translations which follow it.

- abdrücken ... 1. v/t. (h) move away (von from) ...
- befestigen v/t. (no ge-, h) fasten (an dat. to), fix (to), attach (to) ...
- dissent ... anderer Meinung sein (from als) ...
- disäimilär ... (to) unähnlich (dat.); verschieden (von) ...

With German prepositions which can take the dative or the accusative, the case is given in brackets:

rütteln ~ an (dat.) rattle at ...
 Notes on special grammatical conventions used in the German-English section (see also p. 16):

- a) **nouns**
 The inflectional forms (*genitive singular/nominative plural*) follow immediately after the indication of gender. No forms are given for compounds if the parts appear as separate entry words.
 The horizontal stroke replaces the part of the word which remains unchanged in the inflexion:
 Affäre f (-l-n) - Keks m, n (-[e]sl/-e) (= Keks or Kekses/Kekse)

The sign ~ indicates that an umlaut appears in the inflected form in question:
 Blatt n (-[e]sl/-er) (= Blätter)
 The inflectional forms of German nouns ending in -fn are given in the following ways:

- Ärztin f (-l-nen)
- Abenteurer(in) m (f) (-[e]sl/-[l-nen]) (= Abenteurer m (-sl-) and Abenteurerin f (-l-nen))