

# SOLUTIONS

Math 111: Quiz 1

Name

Please show all of your work.

1. Solve for  $x$ :

$$\begin{aligned}5(2x - 4) &= 3x - (x + 1) \\10x - 20 &= 3x - x - 1 \\10x - 20 &= 2x - 1 \\-2x &\quad -2x \\8x - 20 &= -1 \\+20 &\quad +20 \\8x &= 19 \\x &= \frac{19}{8}\end{aligned}$$

2. Use the properties of exponents to simplify the following expression:

$$\frac{5x^3y^3}{15x^5y^2} = \frac{5 \cdot y}{5 \cdot 3 \cdot x \cdot x} = \frac{y}{3x^2} = \frac{1}{3}yx^{-2}$$

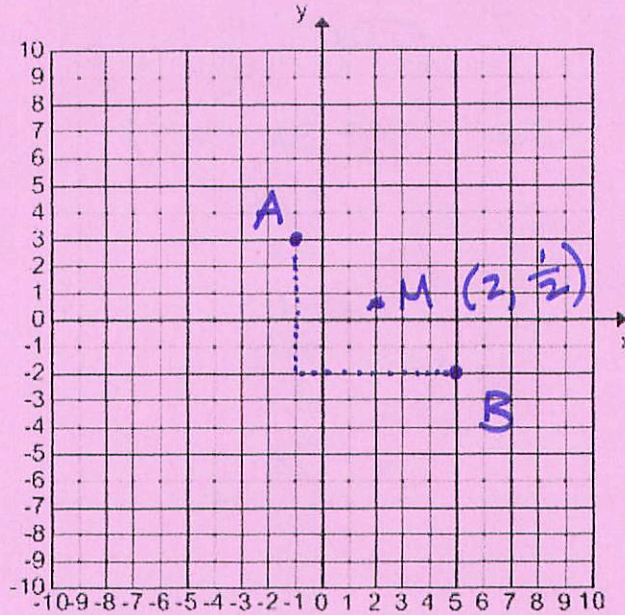
3. Rewrite in standard notation:

$$\overset{\cdot\cdot\cdot\cdot}{0.0004738} \times 10^{-4}$$

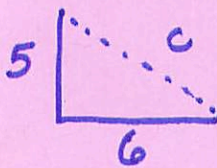
Move 4 places

0.0004738

4. Let A be the point  $(-1, 3)$  and B be the point  $(5, -2)$ .  
 a) Plot the points A and B on the graph below. Be sure to label your points.



- b) Find the distance between A and B.



$$5^2 + 6^2 = c^2$$

$$25 + 36 = c^2$$

$$61 = c^2$$

$\sqrt{61}$  is the distance

- c) Find the midpoint of A and B.

Average of x-values  $\frac{-1 + 5}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$

Average of y-values  $\frac{3 + -2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

$$(2, \frac{1}{2})$$