

Raster Data Structure

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References:

Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, Chang
<http://www.cs.berkeley.edu/~demmel/cs267/lecture26/lecture26.html>

Raster Data Model

- Elements - Cell value, cell size, bands, spatial reference
- Types - Satellite Imagery, DEM's, Digital Orthophotos, Bi-Level Scanned Files, DRG's, Graphic Files (.jpeg, .tiff, .geotiff, .gif), and ESRI Grid.
- **Structure**
- Compression – Reduction of data volume
- Conversion and Integration - Rasterization/Vectorization

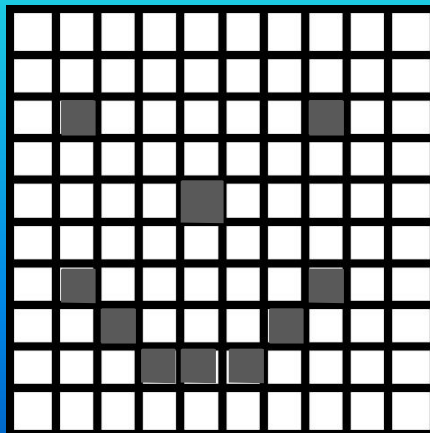
Raster Data Structure

Refers to the *method* or *format* for storing raster data so that it can be used efficiently.

- Cell-by-Cell Encoding
- Run-Length Encoding
- Quad Tree

Cell-by-Cell Encoding

- Used when values change continuously

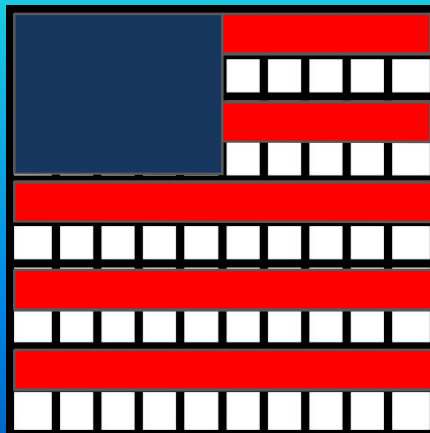


Cell-by-Cell Encoding

- Cell values are written into a file by row and *column*
- Multiband
 - Band sequential (.bsq)
 - Ex: RGB bands R file, G file, B file
 - Multiple files
 - Band interleaved by line (.bil)
 - Ex: Row 1, band 1; Row 2 band 2; ...
 - Single file
 - Band interleaved by pixel (.bip)
 - Ex: Pixel (1,1), band 1; Pixel (1,1), band 2; ...
 - Single file

Run-Length Encoding

- Used when values are redundant



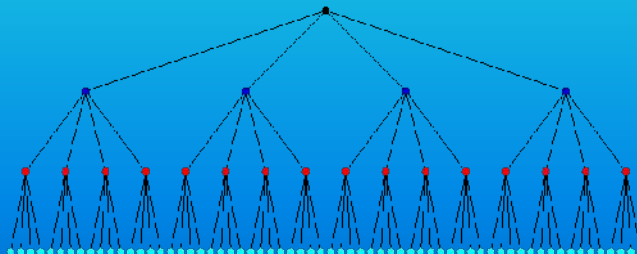
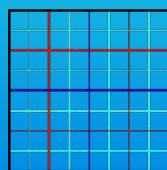
Run-Length Encoding

- Cell values are written into a file by row and *group*
- Starting and ending cells with the same value
- Method for encoding as well as compressing

Quad Tree

- Recursive decomposition

A Complete Quadtree with 4 Levels

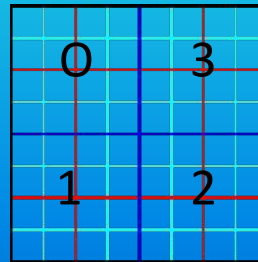


<http://www.cs.berkeley.edu/~demmel/cs267/lecture26/lecture26.html>

Quad Tree

- Division stops when all cells in the quadrant contains a single value.
- Coded using quad tree and spatial indexing method.

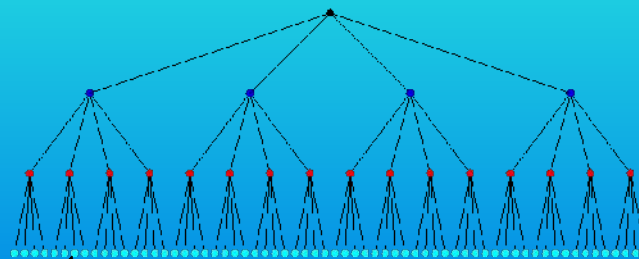
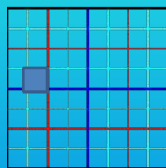
- NW = 0
- SW = 1
- SE = 2
- NE = 3



- Similar to “Township Range” System, but describes the location differently.

Quad Tree

A Complete Quadtree with 4 Levels



<http://www.cs.berkeley.edu/~demmel/cs267/lecture26/lecture26.html>

Location = 012

Header File

- Contains information about the raster
 - Data Structure
 - Area Extent
 - Cell Size
 - Number of Bands
 - Value for “No Data”
- Other types
 - Statistics file for each band
 - Color file associates colors with pixel values

Review Questions

What are the 3 methods for storing raster data?

Which method is used for continuously changing cell values?

Name 3 file types (extensions) for multiband imagery?

A _____ file accompanies the raster and gives the GIS information about how to import the raster.

Review Questions

What are the 3 methods for storing raster data?

ANSWER: Cell-by-Cell Encoding, Run Length Encoding and Quad tree

Which method is used for continuously changing cell values?

ANSWER: Cell-by-Cell Encoding

Name 3 file types (extensions) for multiband imagery?

ANSWER: band sequential (.bsq)
band interleaved by line (.bil)
band interleaved by pixel (.bip)

A _____ file accompanies the raster and gives the GIS information about how to import the raster.

ANSWER: Header